Weather

Hot weather and probable thunderstoam today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 78.4 and the minimum 58.1, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 75.6 and 67.1.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America-Europe, Str. Empress of Asia, June 5. Reg. 6 p.m. Ord. 9 p.m.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Empress of Russia, June 18.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Karmala, June 7.

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CHINA'S BIGGEST BOAT, BUILT FOR U.S., IS LAUNCHED

VESSEL SENT DOWN WAYS AT KIANGNAN IS FIRST OF 4

Wife Of U. S. Minister Crashes Champagne As Craft Moves

NAMED MANDARIN

Distinguished Gathering Present In Shipyard To See Spectacle

The biggest ship ever built in China, finished here for the United States Shipping Board, slid down the ways at the Kiangnan dockyards yesterday afternoon after a distinguished gathering had looked on as Mrs. Charles R. Crane christened the vessel the Mandarin. It is the first to be launched of four vessels being built here for the American Shipping Board.

Before Mrs. Crane crashed the bottle of champagne, she said: "I send thee forth to your native element. May you carry out the mission you are intended for, with success to the owners and with safety to the crews, who shall man and guide you throughout your career. And I name thee Mandarin."

As the great steel hulk trembled into life and started, at first slowly and then with gathering speed over the ways a spell of silence fell upon the throngs packed in all the open spaces and it was after the great hull had floated out upon the stream that hundreds there started back with cries of alarm.

CROWD IN DANGER

A tendril of steel cable that had run out unheeded from the dock, evidently made fast to the ship, suddenly had tautened. As the hull floated further out into the river this inch-thick steel bow string was drawn sidewise moving swiftly toward a pontoon crowded with some hundreds of Chinese spectators by the side of which was moored the steam tender Alexandra whose decks also were crowded.

As the cable neared the people in its path it uprooted from the dock a huge post which fell into the water with a great splash. When it seemed inevitable that both those on the pontoon and on the tender would be swept off into the water, apparently just as the cable touched the pontoon, it snapped with a report and fell into the water. Out in the stream the Mandarin had turned slightly and was floating half broadside to those on shore.

PROGRAM OF SPEECHES

An impressive program was held immediately after the launching in the reception hall of the dock. Among the speakers were Minister Crane; United States Consul-General E. S. Cunningham; Dr. C. T. Wang; Judge Charles E. Lobingier; Admiral K. K. Lang, representing the Acting Premier and the Ministry of the Navy; Admiral Liu Kwang-hsiun, former Minister of the Navy; Admiral Liu Kwan-nan and Captain K. W. Kwong, directors of the dock, Mr. Perry, representing the United States Shipping Board and R. B. Mauchan, engineer. Mr. H. K. Kwong, English secretary of the dock, acted as master of ceremony.

The program was brought to a conclusion by the presentation of a silver set to Mrs. Crane, who made an appropriate response.

The Mandarin and the other three ships are being built to the highest classification of the American Bureau of Shipping under the supervision of Captain W. I. Eisler, surveyor for that bureau and agent of the American Shipping Board in the Far East.

ADMIRAL LANG SPEAKS

Admiral K. K. Lang, proposing the health of the Presidents of the United States and China, said that the Mandarin was one of the four ships which the Kiangnan Dock was building for the American Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. It is among the first ocean going ships that have been built by China for a foreign nation, he said, and they appreciated very much the friendliness of the United States in giving China this privilege. They would endeavor to improve from time to time and hope to give entire satisfaction in order to show their deep appreciation for the honor conferred upon them.

"When this vessel enters into the hands of those for whom it is being

(Continued on Page 3)

The bow of the new steamer Mandarin is shown in the picture above just as the ship started to move down the ways toward the water. In the center of the group on the platform, Mrs. Charles R. Crane, wife of the American Minister is in the act of crashing a silver [illegible] against the vessel's hull the bottle of champagne which [illegible] ed at the end of a silver [illegible]. The upper inset shows a picture

—Photo by Ah Fong.

GODOWN COOLIES SEND IN REQUEST FOR MORE WAGES

Guild In Notice To Managers Says Living Costs Are Imposing Hardships

Formal request for an increase in wages beginning June 1 has been addressed to managers and compradores of firms in Shanghai by the godown coolies' organisation. The plea is based upon the increased cost of living in Shanghai and is not accompanied by any intimation that a strike is in prospect. The notice that was issued by the guild is as follows:

"We beg respectfully to inform the managers and compradores of the various firms in Shanghai, who employ wharf and godown coolies, that we are undergoing great hardship at the present time owing to low wages and the recent increase in the price of rice and the higher rents and taxes. We are compelled, therefore, to request that our wages be increased from June 1, in return for which we will devote ourselves more diligently to our work. Under present conditions we are faced with starvation.

"Shanghai Godown Coolies' Guild."

Britain To Limit All Coal Exports

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—It is stated that the export of coal will henceforth be limited to 1,700,000 tons per month, or 20,000,000 tons a year as compared with 73,500,000 tons exported in 1913

Coal exporters declare that the restriction will mean sacrificing cargo which will increase homeward freights, detrimentally affect the rates of exchange, and drive up home prices.

On the other hand, the whole policy of the Government in this connection is to meet the needs of the home consumer, on the ground that the first consideration is to keep home industries going, so that manufactured goods can ultimately fill the cargo space hitherto occupied by export coal.

AUTHOR LEAVES FORTUNE

(Reuter's Service)

New York, May 31.—The late Mr. William Dean Howells, the well-known author, has left $165,000.

China Won Moral Victory At Paris Peace Conference, U.S. Minister Tells Chinese

Mr. Charles R. Crane Is Guest Of Honor At Dinner Given By Ten Organisations---Addresses Made By Prominent Political Leaders

Mr. Charles R. Crane, United States Minister to China, renewed his acquaintance with many Chinese leaders and met many others at a banquet given in his honor last night at the Yih Ping Shang Hotel when over 100 prominent Chinese and Americans representing ten local institutions greeted him. Besides the guest of honor, Dr. C. T. Wang, China's peace delegate to Versailles; United States Consul-General E. S. Cunningham; Dr. Wu Ting-fang, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Mr. George Hsu Chien, former Vice-minister of Justice spoke.

That China won a great moral victory at the peace table was the opinion of Mr. Crane. "There is feeling of great sympathy for China in every part of the world," said Mr. Crane in part. "Never in the history of the human race were so many distinguished statesmen gathered at one single place as at the peace table in Paris. Your delegation made a profound impression.

"Politically, China did not get as much as the United States wished her to get at the peace table, but she accomplished a moral victory, which is more than a political victory. I wish you will all realise how strong your position is today."

WON MORAL VICTORY

The minister then enumerated three historical events which had improved China's position during the last few years. They are the determination of the Chinese to stop the opium traffic, the revolution 1911 and the conduct of the Chinese peace delegates at Versailles. The decision of the people to suppress the opium curse made a profound impression on the foreign powers. The process of revolution in China was different from those in Turkey and Russia, which the minister witnessed in person. The quality of revolution was impressive as there was little bloodshed, little confiscation and little feeling of hatred towards the old regime. No discrimination is now felt towards the Manchus. The conduct of the peace delegation at Paris gave an exceedingly strong position for China. She enjoys the great sympathy of the nations.

The minister then said that in education and public health, the United States could help China. President Wilson is always interested in the problems of humanity. If the President could only come to China for a while, he said, and could see the "tough social fabric," the hard struggle for life as represented by the wheelbarrow coolies and boatmen, he would perhaps suggest a few elements of prosperity.

The speaker concluded by saying he will come down to Shanghai from time to time and expressed the desire to cultivate a better acquaintance with the Chinese here.

TOASTS FOR PRESIDENTS

The program of the evening started with a toast proposed by Dr. Wang for the health of the President of the United States. Mr. Crane in turn proposed the health or the President of The Chinese Republic. Dr. Wang in his speech of welcome, pointed out that the ten organisations which were hosts represented people who were thinking of problems that are confronting the nation and said that he was not assuming too much to say that they constituted the most important elements of the people.

"These men and women have gathered together," continued Dr. Wang, "to do honor to a true friend of the Chinese. I had the pleasure of meeting our distinguished guest in Paris where we attempted to work hand in hand to do what was just and right. He was then a great friend of China, because he knew that China had a just cause and was fighting as President Wilson said, to make the world safe for democracy.

"When we study the institutions of the United States, we cannot but pay our humble homage to the spirit of the people. Those who have been in the States cannot but be impressed by the Liberty Bell which is now preserved in Philadelphia. The

(Continued on Page 4)

FAR EASTERN REPUBLIC PUTS OUT PLATFORM

Zemstvos Assert Russians Intend To Bring Order Out Of Chaos

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Vladivostok June 2.—The Zemstvo Provisional Government has issued the following declaration.

"In view of political events, the Democrats in the Far East have been compelled to form an independent State, regardless of the difficulties which are the heritage of the Kolchak regime and of internal warfare. Far Eastern Russians are determined to extricate themselves from these difficulties and improve their existence.

"Many obstacles are being met in the formation of the Far Eastern State, the principal one being Semenoff, whose strength, which is not dependent upon Russian bayonets, is dividing the Far East.

PEOPLE TO RULE

"The organised democracy of the Far East has resolved to establish a government elected by popular suffrage, the only form of govrnment acceptable to the people.

"The reactionary Semenoff is compelling Verkhne-Udinsk and Vladivostok to work separately. In view of General Ol's declaration refusing to support separate groups or individuals in Zabaikal, the Verkhne-Udinsk government is trying to liquidate the Chita barrier (Semenoff) and has opened negotiations with the Japanese command to this end.

HOPING FOR BEST

"The Vladivostok Government is in full accord with the Verkhne-Udinsk Government in this matter and is giving them assistance, hoping that the time will soon arrive when the people can express their will, through a general election, for the reconstruction of the country and the establishment of friendly relations with foreign countries interested in the Far East."

URGES WITHDRAWAL

Harbin, June 3.—The Verchne-Udinsk Government has submitted a proposal to the Japanese Command to withdraw troops from both sides of the Chita-Manchulie line, leaving Kuenga and Chita in the sphere of Japanese influence, the

(Continued on Page 2)

BRITAIN TO AVOID WAR INVOLVING AMERICANS

Safeguards Urged For Anglo-Japanese Negotiations

CHANGES IN YEAR

Existing Pact Will Be Allowed To Stand During 1920

INTEREST IN U. S.

State Department Is Said To Approve Of Plans

New York, May 24.—Great Britain plans to continue the existing Anglo-Japanese Alliance for a year, meanwhile negotiating with Japan regarding changes necessary for renewal, according to a report received here said to emanate from an official British source. The reason for this delay is said to be the present occupation of the British Government with European problems, which makes it inconvenient to turn to the problems of the Far East.

Great Britain, therefore, finds it difficult to give the proper attention to the revision and renewal of the present alliance in such a manner as the needs of the future will be taken care of, and for this reason the renewal of the pact will be delayed a year, it is said. In the revision the United States will, of course, be consulted by the British Foreign Office.

TO AVOID U. S. WAR

[illegible] reference to the [illegible] of America toward the revision of the Anglo-Japanese alliance treaty, the Washington correspondent of the London Times forwarded a despatch to his journal under date of May 11. Referring to this despatch, the British Government published a statement in which it was stated that "the British and Japanese Governments have decided to exclude the possibility of Great Britain being involved in the event of war breaking out between Japan and America and to protect America from the danger arising from such a possibility."

The British official statement adds that "regarding the open-door in China the attitude of Great Britain will be determined by the future action of the League of Nations and Britain's obligations toward the League."

AMERICA IS INTERESTED

Official and journalistic circles in America are paying much more careful attention to the progress of the Anglo-Japanese alliance question than the interest evinced by the Japanese public on the matter. No views on the question have been officially expressed by Secretary Colby or any other official of the State Department, but it is understood that the American Government is thoroughly satisfied with the attitude of the British and Japanese Governments toward America as regards the proposed revision of the alliance treaty.

AUSTRALIA UNWILLING

Sydney, May 25.—With reference to the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, Australia is most interested in the immigration question and all related issues. The recent statement in London by Mr. W. A. Watt, Treasurer of the Australian Federal Government, that Great Britain should seek the opinion of Australia before a continuance of the Alliance is undertaken signifies the Australian attitude on the subject. Newspapers remain silent as to renewal of the Alliance and the delay in the publication of terms concerning Australia's mandatory power over the South Pacific Islands. Except for a leading article in the

(Continued on Page 2)

India Again Asks Viceroy's Recall

(Reuter's Service)

Simla, June 1.—The Committee of the All India Congress, at Benares, has reaffirmed the demand for the trial of those responsible for the Amritsar incident, and also for the recall of the Viceroy.

It is believed that the conversations between British and Afghan representatives at Mussoorie are about to reopen.

PRIS

Poland Severs Relations With Czecho-Slovakia

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—Disputes between the Poles and the Czechs in the plebiscite territory in Silesia have culminated, it is reported from Paris, in Poland's deciding to break off diplomatic relations with Czecho-Slovakia.

The Foreign Minister of Czecho-Slovakia, who is now in London, has petitioned the League of Nations to send a commission to the plebiscite area to conduct an independent inquiry.

SPION KOP, AT 100 TO 6, WINS ENGLISH DERBY

Archaic Is Second, Orpheus Third, In 1920 Running Of Famous Classic

KING AND QUEEN ATTEND

Great Throng Spends Previous Night At Track, Fearing To Miss The Event

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 2.—Derby Day was sunny, the continued dry weather of the past few days being ideal for the greatest British sporting event, which is manifestly more popular than ever. Ten thousand persons slept on Epsom Downs last night and from the early hours this morning the railways and roads bore record crowds.

The road down from London was packed from end to end with the most varied possible forms of motor traffic, crammed with occupants. Many motors came from further afield, even from Lancashire and South Wales. A feature was the continued diminution of horse-drawn vehicles.

The visitors included a party of [illegible] from St. Dunstans [illegible] were present being greeted with [illegible] on their arrival.

The result of the race was as follows:

Spion Kop (O'Neill)	1.
Archaic (Bellhouse)	2.
Orpheus (Leach)	3.

Time 2 min. 34 3/5 secs., a record. The previous record being 2 min. 35 1/5 secs by Lemberg in 1910.

Betting: 100/6 Spion Kop; 10/1 Archaic; 50/1 Orpheus.

The nineteen starters were Abbots Trace (Donoghue); Allenby (Slade); Archaic (Bellhouse); Attiluis (Saxby); Daylight Patrol (Childs); Dynamo (Robbins); He Goes (F. Templeman); Kerasos (Shotwell); Marshal Neil (Hulme); Orpheus (Leach); Poltava (H. Jones); Polumetis (Burns); Sarchedon; Silvern; Spion Kop (O'Neill); Tetratema (Carslake); Torelore (A. Balding); All Prince (Fox); Fireworks (Wheatby).

On settling down, Abbots Trace led from Tetratema, Sarchedon, Spion Kop, Archaic and Orpheus, with Torelore last. Rounding Tattenham Corner, Abbots Trace still led, pursued by Tetratema, Archaic, Spion Kop and Orpheus. Close to home Spion Kop went in front and won easily by two lengths. There were one and a half lengths between Archaic (2) and Orpheus (3). Sarchedon was fourth.

Tetratema, the favorite at 3/1, did not finish in the first dozen.

Abbots Trace fell a hundred yards from hone. Allenby broke a blood vessel.

BRITISH SEA LORD DENIES WAR WITH SOVIET RUSSIA

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Major Mackenzie Woods (Coalition Unionist), Mr. Walter Long, First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that British warships were protecting the sea communications to the Crimea until an armistice should be arranged between General Wrangel's army and Soviet Russia.

Negotiations to this end he said, would begin shortly.

The warships were intended to prevent a Bolshevik attack along the Black Sea coast road to Batum, and to support the garrison at Batum.

Replying to Mr. James Myles Hogge (Radical) Mr. Long denied that Great Britain was at war with Soviet Russia.

The Admiralty, he said, was strictly carrying out the policy laid down by the Premier in the House of Commons, and was only taking the ordinary precautionary measures in the Black Sea, necessitated by the policy of the Allies.

"BIG FOUR" OF CHINA ANNOUNCES NEW PLAN

Shanghai Constitutionalists, In Manifesto, Urge Change

FLAY 'USURPERS'

Point To Poppy Trade, Gambling And Squeeze At Every Turn

TIME TO REFORM

Give Individual Pledges Of Loyalty To Their Constituencies

Declaring in substance that the present government of China is non-utilitarian, inefficient and apathetic, and that only a complete reorganisation and change can bring about the firm establishment of a properly-constituted administrative coalition, four prominent Constitutionalists—Dr. Sun Yat-sen, Tang Shao-yi, Wu Ting-fang and Tang Chi-yao—yesterday issued a manifesto announcing the removal of the Administrative Council of the Military Government from Canton to some point yet to be announced.

Thanks to a creditable bit of newspaper enterprise on the part of the local branch of Reuter's, THE CHINA PRESS is able to give to its readers this morning the full text of the manifesto, which reads as follows:

Since the lack of a quorum of Administrative Directors, there has been no Military Government at Canton. Since the simultaneous removal of the two Houses, there has been no Parliament at Canton. Although the remnants of these institutions usurp these names and gather together fellows of their kind, they cannot deceive everybody.

ACTIVITIES LIMITED

"The furthest extent to which they can carry their deception and force is limited to the confines of Kwangtung and Kwangsi, but even in these provinces the true sentiments of the people are not thereby suppressed. Besides, the provinces of Yunnan, Kweichow and Szechuen still follow the lead of the Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Ching Kuo Forces, while the Constitutionalist regions of southern Fukien, southern Hunan, western Hunan, western Hupeh and western Shensi are yet true to their cause.

(Translator's note: The commander-in-chief of the Allied Ching Kuo Forces is General Tang Chi-yao.)

"The situation is thus clear in law and in fact, and justifies the conviction that the body of Constitutionalists is not broken up by the defection of a few.

"Owing to the fact that the seat of the Administrative Council has been at Canton, it has, since its establishment, been "bossed" by one or two individuals.

IMPUGN MOTIVES

"Their conception of war has been to surround themselves with troops and communicate with the enemy: their conception of peace has been to struggle for gains and divide the spoils. They attain their selfish objects by clandestine means and obtain their desires by autocratic ways with the result that there have appeared the so-called 'Five Articles.'

(Translator's note: The 'Five Articles' are the clandestine terms of peace between one faction of the Southern Militarists and one faction of the Northern Militarists.)

"The Constitutionalist objects have long been sacrificed by them, yet they continue to use the name of Constitutionalism as a cloak to cover their acts of injury to the people.

VICE WIDESPREAD

"Thus, the poppy is widely cultivated: gambling dens are in evidence in every street; the fat of the land is sucked to feed truculent generals and arrogant soldiery: and where there are troops, there occur violence and plunder, murder and incendiarism, and villages and hamlets are laid waste.

"Such acts not only set the law of the land at defiance, but also outrage humanity. Our lot having been thrown together with them, we have put up with them in the hope of accomplishing

some good. Unfortunately things have come to such a pass that further association with them has, much to our regret, become intolerable.

"However, since we have received the mandate of the people, we, the undersigned, cannot but collaborate and, brushing aside all obstacles, endeavor to attain our original aims.

REMOVE THE SEAT

"We have now, after consultation, resolved to remove the seat of the Military Government.

"I, Tang Shao-yi, when I first accepted the functions of Chief Peace Delegate, observing that the people were tired of strife and that external troubles were pressing, proposed to the North, for the sake of establishing a lasting peace, eight articles, laying special emphasis on the publication of the secret treaties and the declaration of the invalidity, ahinitio, of the Military Pact.

"In continuing to perform these functions I await the reply of the North to these proposals, in order to determine the future course of action."

"I, Wu Ting-fang, being Minister of Foreign Affairs and of Finance, on my departure from Canton, have kept in my control the balance of the Customs funds to preserve them for use for proper purposes. Those funds not yet received shall be negotiated for.

"I, Sun Yat-sen, and I, Tang Chi-yao, leading the troops, will work to the best of our ability for the welfare of the country and endeavor to find a solution for her present difficulties.

JOINT DECLARATION

"We jointly make this declaration. Hereafter the Constitutionalist provinces, territories and armies of the Southwest are, and continue to be, within the organisation of the Military Government.

"The peace negotiations with the North shall be continued, the seat for which shall still be Shanghai, and the Chief Peace Delegate shall make preparations for their resumption.

"The masquerading institution at present in Canton, having placed itself beyond the orbit of the Military Government, all its orders, acts, its clandestine negotiations with the North and its loans and mortgages are and have been null and void.

"The salt and custom revenues should be paid to this Military Government.

PEACE DELEGATE SUPREME

"Pending the removal of the Military Government, the Chief Peace Delegate is charged with the conduct and negotiation of its various affairs.

"We trust that the North, on receipt of this declaration, mindful of where the real public sentiment of the South-west is represented, will continue the peace negotiations in order that the national troubles may be terminated and an early solution of the general situation be found, to the fulfilment of our earnest hopes.

"We hope that our fellow citizens and the friendly powers will take due note of this manifesto."

(Signed) Sun Yat-sen
Tang Shao-yi
Wu Ting-fang
Tang Chi-yao

Reviews British Guard At Peking

King's Birthday Observed By New Minister To China Republic

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—On the occasion of the King's Birthday today Sir Beilby Alston reviewed the Legation Guard and also 29 demobilised soldiers this morning at 8 o'clock.

In the course of an address to the service men, the British Minister said:

"The part that we who have not been privileged to face the great ordeal, have been proud to share in, is the welcome awaiting your return. Behind that welcome has been the thought of those who laid down their lives and have not come back. Their memory will live forever."

DECORATES A HERO

Sir Beilby Alston subsequently presented the Order of the British Empire to Captain Stuckey for gallant services. After the presentation hearty cheers were raised by the demobilised men, the Indian troops and for the King and Emperor.

Owing to the breaking of an arm that had been severely damaged in the war, Captain Cassels was unable to attend the review to receive the Military Cross.

Large numbers of guests attended the Legation this morning while this afternoon Sir Beilby and Lady Alston were at home to all the British Colony.

Holy See Rescinds Prohibitory Order

(Reuter's Service)

Rome, June 1.—A Papal Encyclical, issued today, while maintaining the Holy See's claims to temporal power, rescinds the prohibition against a Roman Catholic ruler visiting the King of Italy at Rome.

It is understood that King Alfonso will be the first King to visit Rome under the new conditions.

The Encyclical commends the policy of reconciliation between the spiritual and temporal powers in Italy, and urges the nations to work towards a reduction of military expenditure.

Senator Sutherland Out For President

Senator Sutherland.

A Cabinet of directors, rather than "manikins or clerks," and opposition to militaristic government are two policies advocated by Senator Howard Sutherland, of West Virginia, who has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for President.

Occupation Army Costs Big Sum; Germany To Pay

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Sir W. H. Davison (Coalition Unionist) regarding the amount paid by Germany in connection with with the Army of Occupation, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, said that approximately £4,000,000 had been paid up to the present in local currency for the use of the occupying forces.

The balance of the British claim to May 31, he said, was approximately £45,000,000, to which it was estimated, that £2,750,000 must be added in respect of the rest of the year 1920-1921. The question of payment rested with the Reparations Commission.

500 MAIL PLANES SOON

(Reuter's Service)

Omaha, Nebraska, May 31.—Colonel Jordan, Chief Constructor of the Air Mail Service, states that within two years Omaha will become a base depot for five hundred air-mail planes, each of which will be immediately convertible into a fighting-plane.

He predicts that within a year mail will be transported from coast to coast in thirty-six hours.

LAW CAUCUS OVER

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—The Portsmouth Conference on International Law closed today, after appointing a committee to report on the methods by which international co-operation for common economic, social and legal objects can be extended under the League of Nations.

The Conference in 1921 will be held at the Hague and the 1922 Conference at Buenos Aires.

FRANCE GETS CRUISERS

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, June 2.—The German cruisers Stuttgart and Graudenz, with German crews on board, anchored today in the Cherbourg roadstead. The two cruisers are to be handed over to France in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty.

Tien Wen-lieh, Cabinet Member, Resigns Office

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—A further Cabinet complication occurred today through the resignation of Tien Wen-lieh, the Minister of the Interior.

Chin Yun-peng yesterday evening handed in his third letter of resignation. A mandate, granting him further leave will be issued this evening.

Britain To Avoid War Involving Americans

(Continued from Page 1)

Sydney Telegraph of March 27, no opinion has yet been expressed on the subject.

Concerning the fear that several millions of Asiatics will penetrate into Australia, all classes of the Australians, from literary men to clergymen are almost daily discussing this point. This shows the Australians fear that the racial equality question may again be brought forward in the near future.

CARTOON TELLS STORY

A cartoon appearing in the Bulletin signifies the true sentiments of the Australians in regard to a renewal of the Alliance.

In this cartoon John Bull is kissing a geisha, representing Japan. Near by stands a man representing Australia, who is looking sharply at them with suspicious eyes. John Bull, addressing the man, says: "I suppose you have no particular objection to a renewal of friendship between this geisha and me." To this, the Australian replies: "I have no objection, but I hope you won't give her the right to run your household."
—*Special Cable to Japan Advertiser*

Soviets To Open Office In London

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—The Evening Standard learns that the Soviet will be permitted to open a central trading office in London with a view to organising exchange of goods. Inquiries by Reuter fail to confirm this report.

It is pointed out that British goods cannot be exported to Russia, but that there is nothing to prevent M. Krassin from opening an office in London for the exchange of views with British traders.

HUNGHUTZE IN HARBIN

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, June 3.—It is learned from a reliable source that four Hunghutze leaders have arrived here from Tsingtao. Their names and descriptions are well-known to the Chinese authorities.

ALSTON IS DECORATED

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—The British Minister, Mr. Beilby Alston, has been created a Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

TURKS MOBILIZING

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—A telegram from Constantinople states that travellers from Eastern Thrace report that the Turkish Army at Adrianople is mobilising and declare that the Turks are preparing to resist occupation by the Greeks.

LABOR HEAD TO SIGN

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, June 2.—M. Von Brascke, Hungarian Minister of Labor, will sign the Peace Treaty for his government and not the Minister of War.

Bolsheviki Now Retreating, Says Polish Bulletin

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, June 2.—The following communique is issued by the Polish general staff at Warsaw:

"The great Bolshevik offensive, which began on May 14, between Djina and Pripet and in which large forces were employed, has now completely broken down. Since May 28, our troops have been occupying the line of the Beresina. Our troops have taken several hundred prisoners and a large number of machine-guns.

"In the Ukraine in the railway sector, Bolshevik attacks, which lasted several days, have been repulsed and the enemy has been obliged to withdraw.

"In a cavalry engagement our squadrons drove back the enemy's cavalry, inflicting heavy losses. A brigade of enemy cavalry with its horses deserted to us."

New Archbishop For Wales Gets Mitre In London

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—The enthronement of the Bishop of St. Asaph as the first Archbishop of Wales was conducted this morning before a great gathering of Welshmen of all denominations. Prince Arthur of Connaught represented the royal family. Mr. Lloyd George was among those present. The installation was performed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, who, in the course of his speech, deplored the severance of the Welsh Church.

INSECT EXPERTS MEET

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—Representative entomologists from all parts of the Empire, assembled at a conference today at Burlington House, were welcomed by Viscount Harcourt as Chairman of the Imperial Bureau of Entomology. The subjects for discussion at the Conference include legislation regarding plant pests and the tsetse fly.

CHINA RECOGNIZES HUERTA

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—The Cabinet today decided that China will recognise the Mexican Government under the provisional President, General Huerta.

MORE HOOVER SUPPORT IS SEEN IN VOTE

Large Number Of Ballots Yesterday Result In Another Return

Although it was the intention of The China Press to close the presidential straw ballot with yesterday morning's issue, so many additional votes came into the office yesterday that it was decided to publish the results once more.

Among the voters yesterday were many Republicans who voted for Hoover and Wood and several who asserted that they didn't care what party they affiliated with as long as they were able to express their approval of a proper candidate.

One man who said he was born a Republican declared he was for Hoover, not because he was running on a Republican platform but because he was "out for the man."

Votes counted yesterday give the following results:

	New Votes	Total
FIRST CHOICE		
Hoover	16	121
Wood	8	77
Johnson	6	61
McAdoo	1	17
Clark	2	16
Hughes	1	8
Lodge	0	3
Lowden	0	1
Debs	0	1
Meredith	0	3
Wilson	0	1
Ford	1	1
SECOND CHOICE		
Hoover	6	72
Wood	7	70
Johnson	3	60
Lowden	2	16
McAdoo	5	15
Hughes	2	12
Coolidge	4	11
Clark	3	11
Bryan	2	4
Palmer	1	1

Japan's Empress Meets And Honors Italian Birdmen

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 3.—Lieutenants Ferrarin and Masiero were received in audience by the Empress of Japan this morning. Both of the aviators and their two mechanicians were decorated

USE WIRE SCREEN ENAMEL ON YOUR OLD SCREENS. FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

Navy And Airplanes Called By Chang Against Southerners

Three Old French Machines Manned By Students Are Despatched

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—General Chang Ching-yao has telegraphed to the Government, suggesting the sending to Changsha of Admiral Tu Hsi-kuai's squadron of gunboats, which is at present at Hankow, in order to prevent the Southern troops from entering Hunan by the river.

The President has telegraphed to General Lu Yung-ting and General Tsen Chun-hsuan, requesting them to take immediate steps to prevent further conflict in Hunan.

"BIRDS" IN FLIGHT

Peking, June 3.—General Chang Tso-lin has telegraphed to the Government asking for three military aeroplanes. The Government yesterday despatched to Mukden three old French machines and also three aviation students.

FAR EASTERN REPUBLIC PUTS OUT PLATFORM

(Continued from Page 1)

region to the west and northeast being declared a neutral zone.

The Russian troops, both General Semenoff's forces and the Reds, will withdraw thirty kilometers from the railway and both sides will guarantee not to interrupt railway, post and telegraph communication.

The neutral zone will be administered by the Provisional Government of the Far East Republic and will be free to Russian and Japanese troops alike.

It is understood that the Japanese Command answered that it was not authorised to negotiate and that it must ask for instructions.

PRINCE KUNI IN PARIS

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, June 2.—Prince Higashi-Kuni, accompanied by several Japanese army officers, arrived in Paris this morning.

Russ And Germans Agree On Exchange Of War Prisoners

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, June 1.—A communique issued here today states that the Russian and German governments have ratified an agreement for the exchange of their respective prisoners of war.

The repatriation transports will proceed by alternative turns. There will be no detentions. All those repatriated are promised a political amnesty.

FRENCH RULE PRAISED

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 2.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Telegraph declares that the whole of that part of Thrace, which was placed under the control of the French from whom it has now been taken over by the Greeks, has been administered with a firmness and competence which reflect the greatest honor to France.

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PALESTINE AS SMALL POTENT NATION, IDEAL

Israel's Messenger Sets Out Highest Aims Of Jews Under New Order

The Jewish Palestine Number of Israel's Messenger, official organ of the Shanghai Zionist Association, a Jewish paper devoted to the interests of Jews and Judaism in the Far East, has been issued. Mr. N. E. B. Ezra is the editor and he has real cause to be proud of his accomplishment. The publication is a gem typographically and from a news standpoint.

Aside from the many special articles of special interest not only to Jews but to the world at large a leading editorial calls in stirring terms the Jews to unite in the promotion of the welfare of their race, Max Nordeau is quoted:

"We want to become a nation taking its rank with all other nations, the powerful and the minor ones, in the League of Nations, and fulfill our duty in that collectively. We want to make Palestine a small but strong Commonwealth, which will be an example of progress and civilisation to the world."

In amplification the editor says: "In spite of the appalling calamities and miseries through which our people are passing in Eastern Europe, and in spite of the fact that the deplorable situation finds no parallel in our history, yet we do not hesitate to say that we are passing through stirring times one which will bring in a new era for the whole House of Israel. Our two-thousand-year old dreams are now being realised in our own eyes and in our own days. The Powers had willed that the land of the Jewish heart's desire, Beth Hayenu, must be restored to its rightful owners and the wrong of two thousand years should be corrected. . . .

"We dedicate ourselves to this cause, the cause of all humanity in general, and with England arraying all her mighty moral forces behind us, we look hopefully forward with hearts full of joy and optimism, to lay the solid structure and foundation of earth's Democracy in the land of King David and the Prophet Isaiah and all the other Prophets of Israel."

Wilson Accepts Armenian Plan, Says Bonar Law

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 2.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, replying to Mr. P. W. Raffan (Liberal), Mr. Bonar Law stated that President Wilson had accepted the invitation to delimit the borders of Armenia under the Turkish peace treaty.

Replying to Mr. J. M. Hogge (Radical), Mr. Law explained that the Hythe conference did not establish any new financial commission, but referred certain proposals discussed between the French and British Ministers to experts for further examination with instructions to report for the information of the French and British Governments.

The experts, he said, had not yet reported. It was no part of their duty to fix the amount of the German indemnity.

Mr. Bonar Law added that he was not sure if the report would ever be published.

Southerners Invest City Of Hengchow

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hankow, June 2.—While no definite news of the situation in Hunan has been received here, it appears that on the withdrawal of General Wu Pei-fu's Northern troops, the Southern forces under General Tan Yen-kai, the former military Governor of Hunan, occupied Hengchow and are threatening Changsha.

General Wu Pei-fu's troops are at present at Hankow, awaiting despatch to the north. There has been no disturbance locally.

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French General Reviewing Troops In Frankfort

General Demetz commander of the French forces in occupied Frankfort, reviewing his troops as they march to their barracks in the German city. This, as far as known, is one of the first photographs of French occupation of German cities to reach this country.

Vessel Sent Down Ways At Kiangnan Is First Of 4

(Continued from Page 1)

built," continued Admiral Lang, "we trust she will be the bearer of commerce to the common benefit of all the countries visited by her. We have the honor on this occasion to have the presence of Mr. C. R. Crane, the new United States Minister, and this shows friendliness and international co-operation of a character which we trust will continue between the two nations for years to come. As head of the navy, I propose good luck and success to the Mandarin."

Director Liu Kwan-nan of the Kiangnan Dock thanked those present for their attendance, which he regarded as a compliment to the Kiangnan Dock. This was the largest steamer ever built in China, he said, and although shipbuilding is an ancient art in China, ships having navigated Chinese waters long years before Christ, still this was the first modern ship which had been built by a Chinese dockyard. The next largest steamer constructed in China, he said, was the S. S Kiangwah, which was built by the dock in 1918 for the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company of 4,100 tons displacement.

"The Mandarin," he said, "however, has a displacement of 14,750 tons, three times as large as the Kiangwah. She will be equipped with the latest facilities known to modern shipbuilding. The launching of the Mandarin marks the beginning of a new era in the shipbuilding industry of China."

The speaker went on to emphasise what the launching today meant to international relationship between China and the United States. For the first time in history, China was undertaking a large engineering project for the United States, and he concluded by paying a warm tribute to the officials of the Shipping Board in Shanghai.

PERRY PRAISES WORKS

Mr. Perry, of the United States Shipping Board, said that of the many vessels which had been built for the Shipping Board the Mandarin was by far the best in regard to workmanship. He was glad that Mrs. C. R. Crane had undertaken to sponsor the vessel.

Minister Crane, rising to speak, said he had always been very much interested in shipbuilding and whenever he traveled he always made a point of studying the methods of transportation in the parts visited. It was a very interesting problem. He related how he visited China many years ago and went on to say that he was very much impressed with the improvements in the mechanical processes at the Arsenal.

"Five or six great empires have gone to smash," he said. "I am glad that the ship we are launching today is not a ship of war but a ship of peace. I trust that the Pacific will not need any more ships of war but ships of peace and we shall be happy to co-operate with China."

Mr. E. S. Cunningham, Consul-General of the United States, said this was a very important occasion from many standpoints. The management of the Kiangnan Dock had successfully completed one of the four vessels ordered by the American Shipping Board and the success dissipated the idea that China will not be able to undertake the construction of such large vessels. The success of a nation really depended upon its power of production, he said. When America entered the war she looked about for means to replace the ships that had been lost through being torpedoed, and after looking all over the world, she asked China whether she would construct four vessels. China promptly responded and he congratulated the dockyard on the successful launching of the Mandarin.

DR. WANG HEARD

Dr. C. T. Wang, upon being called said it was a very important occasion. "It seems to me the launching of this steamer does signify one or two very prominent features of which I wish particularly to draw your attention. The first is that when America decides to do a thing she goes into it with all the energy that she has. When she decided to go into war in defense of liberty of the smaller nations and to make the world safe for democracy, she went into it with all the energy she possessed and she has shown wonderful forethought in getting the most important weapon with which to win the war, namely ships.

"If the Central Powers had known that America would have come into the war to fight for liberty and that she would use all her available forces, they would have hesitated to declare war in 1914. It was a surprise to the world that the United States could so quickly land in Europe 2,000,000 men for whom she had to provide vessels for crossing the Atlantic.

"China is a big nation with a long coast line but we have only this dock yard to speak of. I hope this successful launching will stimulate the thoughts of Chinese people and will direct the thoughts to one very big question of the day, the building of ships. Trade binds the nations of the world in family co-operation and we are proud that America has given us the honor of constructing ships for her."

Judge Charles E. Lobingier of the United States Court for China said it was a good omen that the vessel launched today was a ship of peace and not a ship of war. "I am glad that this occasion has been graced by the new Minister of my country to China," he said, "and this happens to be one of his first official acts. We hope it may be the first of many similar acts that will cement the ties of friendship between the two nations."

THRONG SEES LAUNCHING

Hundreds of workmen lined the quays, while over 400 guests watched with interest the great hulk slip down the ways into the water. Among the latter were Mr. Charles R. Crane, U. S. Minister, and Mrs. Crane; Mr. E. S. Cunningham, U. S. Consul-General; Mr. Charles S. Lobingier, Judge of the U. S. Court for China; Mr. M. F. Perkins, U. S. Executive Consul; Mr. Yang Tcheng, Special Envoy for Foreign Affairs; Dr. and Mrs. J. C. MacCracken, of St. Luke's Hospital; Dr. and Mrs. John Darroch; Hon. C. T. Wang, Chinese delegate to the Peace Conference; Mr. Nilson B. Lurton, Marshal of the U. S. Court; Dr. S. A. Ransom, of the Shanghai Municipal Council; Mr. J. Harold Dollar, president of the American Chamber of Commerce; Mr. J. W. Gallagher, of the U. S. Steel Corporation; Mr. Y. C. Tong, Director of the Chinese Red Cross Society; Mr. A. O'Ben, Inspector General of the Sincere Company; Mr. W. S. Fleming, representing the American Bar; Dr. Sun Yat-sen, former President of the Republic of China, and Mrs. Sun; Prof. and Mrs. N. H. Kung; Mr. S. K. Chen and Mr. N. T. Yang, secretaries of the Bureau for Foreign Affairs; Mr. N. L. Han; Mr. Chu Pao-san, chairman of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce; Mr. Fu Siao-en, of the Commercial Bank of China; Mr. W. A. Chapman, secretary of the American Chamber of Commerce; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Webb; Mr. Shen Pao-chang, Chinese City Magistrate; Mr. J. J. Keegan; Commander Perry; Mr. F. M. Sah, former Commissioner of Foreign Affairs; Mr. W. L. Johnstone; Mr. J. B. Powell, Hon. Secretary of the American Chamber of Commerce; Capt. W. H. Lunt, Mr. Geo. Matheson; Commander Cope, U. S. N.; Mr. P. R. Sites, Mr. T. E. Doremus; Capt. Eisler, representing the U. S. Shipping Board and many others.

LAUDS CONFERENCE

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, June 3.—In reply to the report of the Workmen's Conference, the Provisional Government has issued a declaration, praising the work of the Conference and pointing out that, owing to the peculiarly complicated situation on the Chinese Eastern Railway and the necessity of democratising Russian institutions, the continued existence of the Conference is most desirable.

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LONDON JOLTED BY NEW METHODS

Strand Adopting Hester Street Ways Of Alluring Custom; Cut-Rate Clothing Shop

London, April 14.—London's most famous street, the Strand, is fast falling from its high estate and becoming a "bargain" thoroughfare—a sort of high-brow Hester Street.

It was all started by H. Mallaby-Deeley, a member of Parliament, who, descending from heights of political hauteur, started what would be called in the United States a "cut rate" clothing store. He managed to get hold of a lot of good cloth at low cost. Then he opened a shop on perhaps the busiest block on the Strand, stuffed his windows with low-priced suits, flooded the newspapers with multi-column advertisements and soon had the Bow Street Police Station detailing "bobbies" to keep the queues of would-be customers in order.

MANY FOLLOWERS

This started the ball rolling. An old established tailor next door, fearing a death-dealing competition, put up a huge sign, "Anti-Profiteering Tailor." Across the street another tailor rallied bravely with the flaring notice: "Come Over Here: We Invite Comparison." And so it is going all up and down the street. Proud patrons of Strand hotels, Strand eating houses and Strand theaters walk by in Pecksniffian attitudes at this desecration of their beloved haunt.

And last of all, a bargain shoe store has now joined the H. H. C. L. (Hit the High Cost of Living) procession. What was once part of an emporium where you could have your picture taken for mistaken "while you wait" (impatiently) has been turned into a shoe shop where footwear may be purchased for a pound instead of two or three or four pounds.

Moving pictures are invading the English Church. The most ambitious attempt so far was at St. Bartholomew's Church, Birmingham, on Good Friday evening. There, after the usual service, a screen was lowered across the chancel in front of the altar, the lights were extinguished and the pictures begun. They were preceded by the church news notices, usually read from the pulpit, but this time shown with lantern slides, including the following one:

"Please remember we are in church, not a picture palace. Be reverent—and no smoking, please."

Travel and scenic pictures and a news film were shown. Then a hymn was sung and the "picture" service wound up with a religious film, "The Way of the Cross."

Young men and girls made up most of the congregation, which, according to the report, was "quiet and well-behaved." Mr. Code, vicar of the church, said the show was a great success, and he thinks his innovation will be followed by other churches.

But London beat Birminghan on the church-movie stunt. The American film concern which supplied movies for the Prince of Wales's trip on the Renown has for some time been supplying two churches here with a weekly film "diet."

One of them is a little Wesleyan chapel in the East End. The minister had had trouble for years in getting any one to listen to his Sunday evening sermons. Now he gives a picture program with his sermon every week and is packing the hall.

RIVAL OF SPOONING

The other church-movie is in a little suburban town about fifteen miles from the heart of London. Here there is a local ordinance against Sunday shows in the regular movie theaters. The result, according to one local minister, was that gangs of boys and young men paraded the streets on Sunday nights making nuisances of themselves to every one else, and that young girls, having no places of amusement to go to, were engaging in too much "spooning" in the parks. So he too ordered a weekly film program and is taking young people off the streets. They sit through his sermon as well as through the pictures. Another church in the town has followed suit and more will probably soon follow.

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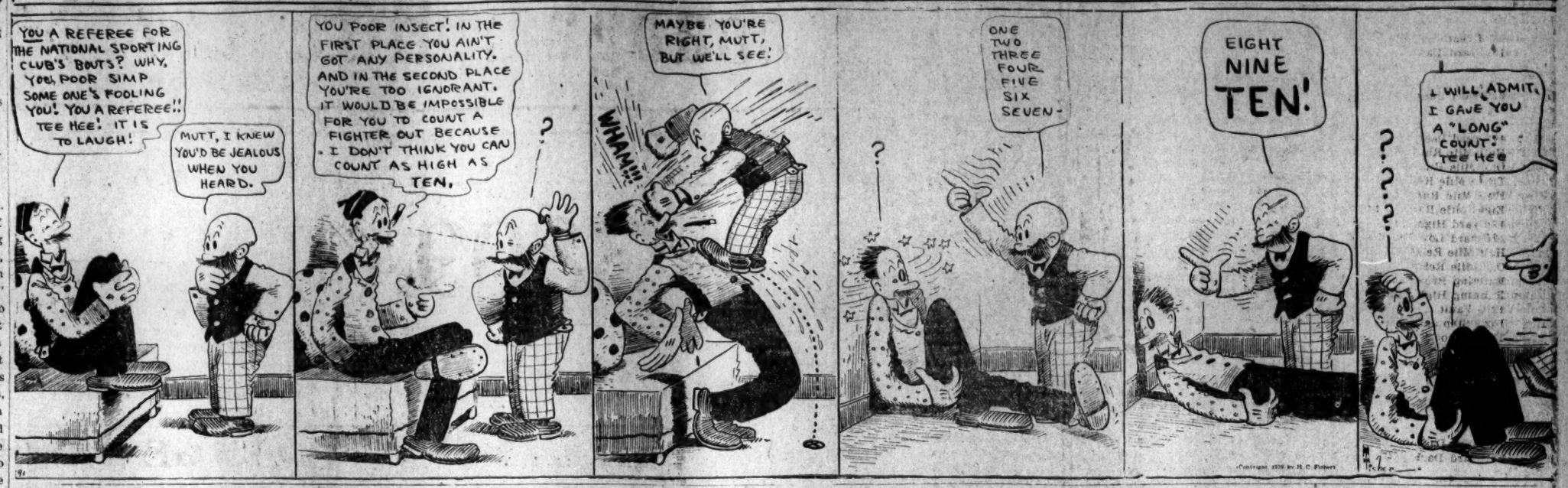
MUTT & JEFF — Is The Little Fellow Qualified To Referee A Boxing Bout? We'll Say He Is — By Bud Fisher


YOU A REFEREE FOR THE NATIONAL SPORTING CLUB'S BOUTS? WHY, YOU POOR SIMP SOME ONE'S FOOLING YOU! YOU A REFEREE!! TEE HEE! IT IS TO LAUGH!
MUTT, I KNEW YOU'D BE JEALOUS WHEN YOU HEARD.
YOU POOR INSECT! IN THE FIRST PLACE YOU AIN'T GOT ANY PERSONALITY. AND IN THE SECOND PLACE YOU'RE TOO IGNORANT. IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE FOR YOU TO COUNT A FIGHTER OUT BECAUSE I DON'T THINK YOU CAN COUNT AS HIGH AS TEN.
MAYBE YOU'RE RIGHT, MUTT, BUT WE'LL SEE.
WHAM!!!
ONE TWO THREE FOUR FIVE SIX SEVEN-
EIGHT NINE TEN!
I WILL ADMIT, I GAVE YOU A "LONG" COUNT! TEE HEE
?
?
?

China Won Moral Victory At Paris Peace Conference

(Continued from Page 1)

bell stands for liberty and freedom. But there is now a greater statute erected in France and other parts of Europe in the form of graves of American heroes who fell in the Great War.

"More than liberty and justice, America stands for equal opportunity. Heretofore, there was opportunity for a few and not for all. You have the finest example in President Lincoln. There are many others who stood out as champions for the same cause. We have Minister Crane, who typifies the same spirit. Minister Crane has traveled in every land. It is almost his hobby to mingle with people and study their lives and institutions. He has traveled extensively in Russia, Armenia and the Balkan States."

DOCTOR WU SPEAKS

Dr. Wu Ting-fang, after being introduced as the veteran statesman, spoke in a light vein and lauded the wisdom of the American Government in choosing Mr. Crane as its representative in China. He said that the American people could help China, but China could not have a better friend than Mr. Crane to help her in this crisis. He paid a high tribute to the United States when he explained why China, an absolute monarchy, in 1911 took a leap and adopted the Republican form of Government. It was, he said, because the Chinese people had gone over to America and studied her institutions and found them to be the best in the world.

"It would take a little time to stamp out the curse of militarism in China," Dr. Wu continued. "But the sooner we do away with militarism, the better it will be for the people. I spent three years in Canton in an attempt to uphold Constitutionalism. Unfortunately, I have failed."

The veteran statesman concluded by reading the motto written at the head of the table: "Keep friendship for ever between America and China."

Mr. Hsu Chien described the aim of the China Christian National Salvation Society and the Social Welfare of Tientsin, both of which he represented and extended a hearty welcome to the Minister.

MR. CUNNINGHAM SPEAKS

Mr. Cunningham said that it was gratifying to note the number of Chinese organisations that wanted to entertain Mr. Crane during his sojourn here and expressed his appreciation of the opportunity of meeting the representative Chinese. He said that more associations of that kind, more friendship will create better understanding between the two peoples. He pointed out that in 1919 American trade in Shanghai touched its highest point. Keep this friendship up and there will be more students going to the United States every year and more Chinese trade for the United States.

Minister Crane will be entertained at a reception to be given by the Shanghai Street Union at the former German Club at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. In the evening he will be the guest of Drs. C. T. Wang and C. C. Wu, son of Dr. Wu Ting-fang at the latter's house, Gordon Road.

Mr. Crane and his party leave for Hangchow tomorrow where they will call on the Tuchun, General Lu Yung-hsiang. They will return to Shanghai on Monday night, but leave for Peking after staying overnight.

VARYING TALES GIVE SMUGGLERS HEAVY PENALTY

Doubt Of Testimony In Case Results In Fine Of $100 For Each

Heavy penalties were assessed against two Chinese accused of opium smuggling and sale yesterday when they were tried before the Mixed Court. American Assessor Jacobs and Magistrate Tsang sat in the case. Fines of $100 each with the alternative of three months in jail was the penalty imposed.

The penalty was unusually severe for a case of the kind because the court believed there had been a deliberate attempt at deception. One of the defendants said he was a native of Shanghai and the other said he was a Cantonese. The latter then spoiled the story by asserting that he was a nephew of the first accused.

Discrediting the testimony of both men, one of whom had been on $5 bail and the other on $200 security, the Court held that a fine of $100 should be assessed against each of them.

Two motor car drivers were before the Court yesterday on charges of improper driving. One was fined $10 by American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Yui for misconduct on Nanking Road and the other has to pay $3 for carelessness on Bubbling Well Road when his hearing was concluded before the same magistrates.

Five burglars who were before the Mixed Court yesterday were sentenced by American Assessor Jacobs and Magistrate Tsang. One got a term of one year, two got six months and two fines of $25 each.

A Chinese robber who entered the rooms of Messrs. D. Mahoney and D. Blake at the Savoy Hotel and absconded with articles valued at $50 was sentenced to two years imprisonment and expulsion yesterday by the Mixed Court.

SOUTH AFRICA SATISFIED

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—With reference to the request made recently to the Dominions, to nominate representatives to the Spa Conference, Reuter learns that South Africa will not be represented as it is of opinion that its views are already sufficiently known.

DANES FETE CHASSEURS

(Reuter's Service)

Copenhagen, June 2.—A detachment of Chasseurs Alpins, returning to France from the plebiscite area, has been visiting Copenhagen, where they were cordially feted. They were given an enthusiastic send-off on their departure for Cherbourg on Sunday.

COURTESIES EXCHANGED

(Reuter's Service)

Brussels, June 2.—The Belgian Senate has addressed a telegram to M. Deschanel, congratulating him on his fortunate escape from his accident. The President of the Republic replied, thanking the Belgian Senate for its message.

STRIKE HITS SHEFFIELD

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 1.—Trade at Sheffield is almost paralysed owing to a strike of the National Union of Enginemen and Firemen against the proposal to introduce a three-shift system. Twenty thousand men are idle and most of the big works are closed.

News Brevities

Through the courtesy of Messrs. Teofani and Co., Ltd., London, Anderson, Meyer and Company, Ltd., Tobacco Sales Department, has distributed a number of tins of King's Own Virginia Cigarettes among their patrons. It is explained that this is not done to introduce the cigarettes, as King's Own need no introduction, but to let the people of Shanghai see that they are the same quality that is sold in London and not a separate quality manufactured for export. They assert that Teofani and Sandorides cigarettes, whether found in Piccadilly, Bond Street or the far flung cities of the Orient are of one quality and standard.

* * *

The Foreign Women's Home Committee wish to acknowledge with much appreciation, the gift of $2000 from the Shanghai Race Club for the work of the Foreign Women's Home, Baikal Road.

* * *

American Consul General Edwin S. Cunningham yesterday announced that during the summer months, or until further notice, the offices of the Consulate-General will be closed to public business during the hours of 12:30 and 2 p.m.

* * *

A committee meeting of the International Anti-Opium Association of China is to be held at 26 Kiukiang Road today at 5:15 o'clock. The election of officers is to take place and future plans are to be taken under consideration. All members are urged to be present.

* * *

An interesting case in the civil division of the Mixed Court is the claim of Mrs. P. C. Young for $50,000 damages for the death of her husband who was killed by a motor car while crossing North Szechuen Road. Mr. Young was manager of purchasing department of the Wing On Company. He died on February 22. Tse Kooking is the defendant in the case, the matter will be tried de novo on orders of British Assessor Blackburn.

* * *

The Treasurer, of the Children's refuge on Brennan Road acknowledges the receipt of $1000 from the Stewards of the Shanghai Race Club.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Lockwood presented an interesting paper on the subject of Chinese jades yesterday before a meeting of the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club which was held in the lecture hall of the Royal Asiatic Society's museum.

SUGGEST NEW SOCIETY

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—Li Sheng-to and Liang Chi-chao have telegraphed to Mr. Wellington Koo, the Chinese Minister at Washington, asserting their readiness to combine the League of Nations Societies and form a representative society.

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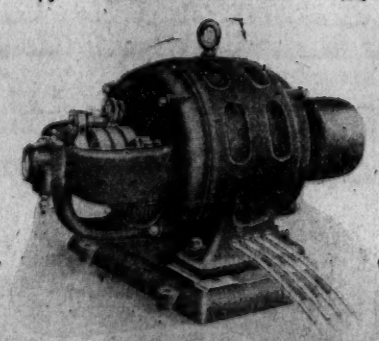

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Chinese National Amateur Records

Event	Record	Holder	School	Where Made	When Made
100 yard Dash	10 2-5 secs.	Chang Ju-hsiang,	Tangshan Mining & Eng. College	Tientsin	1914
		Huang Cheng-yuan,	Amoy Y.M.C.A.	Amoy	1917
		Li Ja-hsiang,	Nanyang College	Hangchow	1918
220 yard Dash	23 2-5".	Huang Yuan-Tao,	Tsing Hua College	Peking	1913
		Huang Cheng-yuan,	Amoy Y.M.C.A.	Amoy	1917
		Chang Lun,	Nanyang College	Shanghai	1919
440 yard Dash	54".	Li Ju-sung,	Tungchow Union Arts College	Shanghai	1915
Half Mile Run	2' 06 2-5".	Kuo Yu-pin,	Tientsin Nankai School	Shanghai	1915
One Mile Run	5' 50 4-5".	Kuo Yu-pin,	Tientsin Nankai School	Shanghai	1915
Three Mile Run	17' 30 3-5".	Shang Chung-i,	Tsing Hua College	Peking	1920
Five Mile Run	30' 10".	Pai Pao-k'un,	Tungchow Union Arts College	Peking	1916
Eight Mile Run	49' 30 1-5".	Pai Pao-k'un,	Tungchow Union Arts College	Tientsin	1915
120 yard High Hurdles	17 1-5".	Chao P'eng,	Nanyang College	Shanghai	1919
220 yard Low Hurdles	26 3-5".	Sun Hsueh-tseng,	Tungchow Union Arts College	Paotingfu	1918
Half Mile Relay	1' 40 2-5".	St. John's University		Soochow	1914
One Mile Relay	3' 53 2-5".	Tsing Hua College		Peking	1919
Running Broad Jump	21' 7".	Li Ja-hsing,	Nanyang College	Hangchow	1918
Running High Jump	5' 9".	Yuan Ching-hsiang,	Tientsin Anglo-Chinese College	Peking	1916
Pole Vault	10' 9".	Ch'en Ch'ung-wu,	Tsing Hua College	Peking	1919
Hop, Step and Jump	41' 11".	Chu En-te,	Peking Higher Normal School	Peking	1918
12 lb. Shot Put	42' 5½".	Meng Chi-mao,	Tsing Hua College	Taiyuanfu	1919
Discuss Throw	104' 10".	Tu Jung-t'ang,	Nanyang College	Shanghai	1919
Javelin Throw	132' 1½".	Hsiao Chan-chia,	Paotingfu Y.M.C.A.	Peking	1920
Pentatheon	345 points.	Chu En-te,	Peking Higher Normal College	Paotingfu	1918
Decathlon	720 points.	Shih Chao-han,	Tsing Hua College	Peking	1920

CHINESE NATIONAL INTERSCHOLASTIC RECORDS

(Middle School Meets Only)

100 yard Dash	10 4-5".	Shih Kung-fu,	Paotingfu Private Military Academy	Paotingfu	1918
220 yard Dash	24 4-5".	Shih Kung-fu,	Paotingfu Private Military Academy	Paotingfu	1918
		Wang Shou-ching,	Paotingfu 2nd Normal School	Paotingfu	1918
		Wang Shou-ching,	Paotingfu 2nd Normal School	Paotingfu	1919
440 yard Dash	58 1-5".	Kuo En-p'o,	Pengtien Second Normal School	Taiyuanfu	1919
Half Mile Run	2' 16 3-5".	Tsou Hsi,	Paotingfu Yu Te Middle School	Taiyuanfu	1919
One Mile Run	5' 04 2-5".	Tsou Hsi,	Paotingfu Yu Te Middle School	Taiyuanfu	1919
Three Mile Run	18' 29".	Chao Yen-lai,	Paotingfu Gov't Middle School	Paotingfu	1917
120 yard High Hurdles	17 2-5".	Wang Shou-ching,	Paotingfu Second Normal School	Paotingfu	1919
220 yard Low Hurdles	27 4-5".	Wang Shou-ching,	Paotingfu Second Normal School	Paotingfu	1919
Half Mile Relay	1' 46 3-5".	Paotingfu Government Middle School		Paotingfu	1918
One Mile Relay	4' 03 2-5".	Paotingfu Second Normal School		Paotingfu	1919
Running Broad Jump	19' 4".	Hsiung Hua-fu,	Kaifengfu Chi Pien Middle School	Taiyuanfu	1919
Running High Jump	5' 5".	Ma Hsiang-p'o,	Paotingfu Yu Te Middle School	Peking	1920
Pole Vault	9' 8".	Ma Hsiang-p'o,	Paotingfu Yu Te Middle School	Peking	1920
12 lb. Shot Put	38' 5½".	P'an Tso-hsin,	Peking Hui Wen Academy	Peking	1920
Discus Throw	97' 7".	P'an Tso-ts'ai,	Tingchow (Chihli) Gov't Mid-School	Paotingfu	1919
Javelin Throw	132' 1½".	Hsiao Chan-chia,	Paotingfu Yu Te Middle School	Peking	1920

Lawn Bowls.

The English members of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club will play the rest of the Club tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 3:45 o'clock.

Here are the teams selected to play:

England	The Rest
Rink 2.	
J. Buckley	J. Park
(skip)	(skip)
H. H. Fowler	W. B. Pitt
Rev. G. H. Bond-field	J. P. Lowe
J. Adamson	J. Valentine
Rink 3.	
A. Samson	J. Munro
(skip)	(skip)
J. E. Betley	J. S. McGavin
H. M. Gorton	Dr. E. M. Merrins
S. M. S. Gubbay	H. G. Manwaring
Rink 4.	
F. L. Marshall	J. T. Disselduff
(skip)	(skip)
E. Payne	J. D. Gaines
P. Fletcher	G. McSweeney
R. W. Wells	G. Dunlop
Rink 5.	
T. Harborne	J. Ross Young
(skip)	(skip)
W. C. Corden	R. G. H. Cole
A. Smallbones	T. E. Trueman
W. Dewhurst	W. A. Turnbull
Rink 6.	
W. Cater	G. L. Campbell
(skip)	(skip)
C. Frost	P. M. Scott
G. Butland	D. McGregor
N. W. Peach	J. D. Gordon

ALL SHANGHAI MATCH

On Sunday afternoon at 3:30 Shanghai will feature 72 bowlers in an all together match on the greens of the Lawn Bowls Club. This means that there will be nine rinks in full swing and an inducement for the rink that wins by the biggest difference, in the shape of souvenir spoons.

All the Clubs players are mixed up, just as they came out of the hat. The idea of the game is that everybody should know one another.

Let us hope they will, as bowls is about the best game we know of for fraternising.

The following are the teams as drawn and where they will play:

Rink 1.	
A. S. Allan	G. B. Stormes
(skip)	(skip)
S. Marks	W. S. Featherstonhaugh
G. McSweeney	J. E. Wheeler
M. B. Anderson	D. MacGregor
Rink 2.	
A. Braid	J. Ross Young
(skip)	(skip)
J. D. Gaines	J. E. Lucas
C. Houghton	T. F. Anderson
J. E. Betley	J. Marshgreen
Rink 3.	
P. H. Robinson	F. Ferrier
(skip)	(skip)
T. Poignand	J. Buckley
E. H. Smith	J. Rush
F. L. Marshall	N. David
Rink 4.	
W. T. Bisset	H. Veitch
(skip)	(skip)
C. Richards	G. O. Wootten
H. G. Manwaring	S. M. S. Gubbay
F. Lloyd	A. J. Brown
Rink 5.	
J. T. Disselduff	W. Gater
(skip)	(skip)
P. M. Scott	E. Fanstone
H. M. Gorton	G. Butland
G. Dunlop	C. H. May
Rink 6.	
G. Bloom	D. McAlister
(skip)	(skip)
G. L. Campbell	H. Roebuck
J. C. Travess	W. A. Turnbull
T. Veitch	J. Grieve
Rink 7.	
B. Anderton	J. Shaw
(skip)	(skip)
A. W. McCallum	P. Ephgrave
G. E. Marshall	A. Wood
H. Brownlie	R. Dorrance
Rink 8.	
	H. Smyth
(skip)	(skip)
T. Harborne	F. George
E. O. Thomas	A. E. Havthorn
W. R. Kinipple	H. F. Landers
Rink 9.	
W. D. McCallum	J. Munro
(skip)	(skip)
Arch Taylor	A. E. Hayward
T. J. Edwards	J. O. Keefe
H. Macfarland	A. Nichol

Auction Bridge

BY AN EXPERT

New York, April 14.—There are a number of persons who consider themselves pretty good bridge players who look upon any original call in clubs or diamonds as almost a command to the partner to go no-trumps. The consequence is that we find an equally large number of players who will take a shot at no-trumps on the drop of the hat.

This idea of the bidding has several weak points, all of which handicap the bidding of a good player. The first and most natural result of persisting in this system of looking upon any original bid in a minor suit as an invitation to the partner to go no-trumps is that a player who has a perfectly legitimate call in clubs or diamonds is afraid to make it, unless he has one or two sure tricks outside, for fear his partner will go no-trumps without the strength to justify it and then blame his misfortunes on the club or diamond call, when the fault really lies with the no-trump bidder.

Another evil of this system is that many players gradually fall into the habit of inviting their partners to go no-trumps when they have a very fair no-trumps themselves. The result usually is that the partner has not enough good cards to accept the invitation, and the hand is left in with the diamond or the club and cannot go game.

But the principal evil in this invitation game is that the partner is never told whether the diamonds or the clubs are good enough to support a no-trumper or not. The player who bids them has the tricks in the suit he calls, and if his partner bids no trumps he is cheerfully left to play it, the one who invited the declaration supposing that he has done his full duty in showing that he had a number of tricks in the suit he named.

But there are a number of very strong hands, perfectly sound original bids in the minor suits, that are not fitted to fill out a no-trumper, and unless the player understands this and by his bidding distinguishes suits that are adapted to no-trumpers from those that are not he is likely to get his partner into trouble.

One of the important things in connection with the bidding is to classify the hands, to indicate by the bids whether the hand is a one-suit, two-suit, two-equal suit or three-suit holding. Take this deal:

H.—A K 7 3
C.—A K Q 6
D.—9 5
S.—A J 6

H.—9 8 4 | H. Q J 10 6 2
C.—J 2 | C—10 9 7 4
D.—A 8 3 | D—7 4
S. 10 8 7 4 2 | S—K Q

(A: H.—5, C.—9 5 3, D.—K Q J 10 6 2, S.—9 5 3; B: Y; Z)

Z dealt and bid a diamond, A passed and Y bid no-trump, which B and Z both passed. The consequence was that all Y could make was the odd trick. B opened with the queen of hearts and A held off the diamond until the second round, when he could count them all and knew Y had no more. Then he set the hearts and Y had to lead away from his ace jack of spades, as he failed to drop the clubs in three leads.

No one can find any fault with the opening bid or the no trumper. The fault lies with Z for not rebidding the diamonds, to inform his partner that the suit is not solid and there is no re-entry. Then the no-trumper will understand that unless he has an honor in diamonds, and can surely put the hand in, it is better to drop his no trumper if he is depending on the diamond suit for the game.

It is an easy five odd in diamonds, as A will open the spade the ace going up second hand, or passing up the trick and letting B lead something. With the chance of dropping the clubs and getting a spade discard on the hearts most persons would probably play the ace.

A wins the trump lead and P makes a spade, but that ends it as Z must make every other trick. This is a good example of an invitation to no trumps which should have been withdrawn as soon as it was accepted.

Shanghai Cricket Club

The following games will be played on Saturday, June 5 commencing at 1:30 p.m.

S. C. C. vs. S. R. C.

S. C. C. Team.—W. C. G. Clifford, P. H. Cobb, S. J. Deeks, W. N. Hansell, A. W. Hayward, H. E. Muriel, (Capt), Dr. H. H. Morris, Dr. W. E. O'Hara, W. S. Read, Rev. C. E. Spencer and F. L. Wainwright.

Reserve W. J. Hawkings.

S. C. C. 2nd XI vs. S. R. C. 2nd XI

S. C. C. 2nd XI Team.—H. W. Allison, E. G. Barnes, R. Grimshaw, (Capt.), W. J. Hawkings, H. E. Jones, D. W. Leach, H. W. P. McMeekin, J. M. Pearson, J. Robertson, C. E. M. Thomson and R. J. Tippin.

Reserves.—C. Knight and E. A. P. Wood.

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WHO'S TO GET THE KAISER'S FORTUNE

Palaces, Plate, Pictures, Berlin Real Estate And Forty Castles In Dispute

BY FREDERIC L. GLASER

Contests over the Hohenzollern fortune afford the comic relief in the tragedy of present-day Germany. The battle royal which is being fought out in the Prussian Diet over the fortune of the ex-Kaiser is hardly less intense than the struggle which is going on throughout the country between revolution and reaction. Against the black background on which the larger destiny of the German people is being decided the disposition of a monarch's fortune seems a ridiculously small question. The haggling over pictures, silver plate and old residences bears the aspect of farce as compared with the burdens which have been laid as a result of the war on the backs of the German people.

The most peculiar feature, however, of the whole quarrel over the Kaiser's fortune is the fact that nobody seems to know what is Caesar's and what is not Caesar's. As soon as the ownership of one item is settled between the Prussian State and its former King, another crops up to mystify the representatives of the new Government charged with settling this thorny affair. Summing up, the Kaiser's assets reminds one in an inverse sense somewhat of the sieves of the Danaides, who for killing their husbands were condemned to fill bottomless barrels. But in this case the royal treasure chest is always mysteriously replenished.

KAISER'S FORTUNE THIRD

The imperial fortune has evidently been very much underestimated. Now that a serious attempt is being made to ascertain the value of the Kaiser's possessions, it appears that items which were up to the present considered property of the State are suddenly claimed by the Hohenzollern family. Before the war William von Hohenzollern held only the third place among the wealthy citizens of his country, Frau von Krupp and Prince Henckel von Donnersmarck being considered the holders of the two largest fortunes in Prussia. A careful estimate published shortly before the outbreak of the war in a directory of the millionaires of Berlin gave the total fortune of the Kaiser as amounting to almost 150,000,000 marks, or about $26,600,000 (calculated on the basis of the former normal value of the mark).

This fortune consisted of two different kinds of investments. More than $30,000,000 was invested in landed property, country estates, city houses and a few dozen castles and palaces. The most valuable of these is undoubtedly the royal castle in Berlin, with its thousand rooms, four hundred servants and priceless paintings and decorations. Besides this extensive palace, the value of which was given six years ago at a conservative estimate as amounting to at least $5,000,000, the King of Prussia possessed two other residences in Berlin and thirty-three large and valuable buildings, for the most part in the business center of the city. These properties were valued at the time at more than $4,500,000. In addition to this, there were about forty castles and country seats in the provinces which were considered personal property of the King, while about forty others belonged to the State but were used by the King, who had to pay the expenses of their upkeep out of his own income.

REAL ESTATE LARGE

How large then was the Kaiser's income? His real estate as itemised above amounted to more than thirty million dollars according to estimates available before the war. But the income from it all did not exceed $800,000 because many of the palaces required more money for their maintenance than they brought in.

Besides that comparatively modest income from rent and farm-enterprises, the Emperor drew about $200,000 in interest from a trust fund established by his great-grandfather, Frederick William III., and his grandfather, William I., which was intended to serve the Hohenzollern as a last reserve to fall back upon in hard times. But the main income of William of Hohenzollern was derived from the Prussian domains, state farms and forests—a sum paid out to him every year by the Prussian treasury. This income amounted to about four and a quarter million dollars, and it is around this income that the main struggle in the Prussian Diet is centered at present.

NO INCOME AS EMPEROR

The title of German Emperor did not carry any income with it. The Kaiser had therefore to rely on his income as King of Prussia for the maintenance of his imperial state. In olden times the Prussian Kings had procured their livelihood in much the same way as other autocrats, by dipping their hands into the Public Exchequer. They lived on a kind of pay-as-you-go policy, spending as much as they saw fit sending the bills to the treasury for payment. But when the movement for parliamentary democracy started in Prussia in the wake of the Napoleonic wars, Frederick William III. decided in 1820 to be satisfied in the future with a yearly income of $1,500,000. Under his son and successor, Frederick William IV., this sum was increased to about $2,000,000, and then again under his younger son, William I., to $3,000,000. This parsimonious first ruler of the German Empire managed to get along with this sum during his lifetime. But when his grandson, William II., ascended the throne he wanted a million more and got it.

INCOME OF $5,500,000

Thus the last crowned head of the Hohenzollerns started out on his fateful career with a "salary" of about $4,000,000 in addition to his private income of $1,000,000. Quite in contrast to his grandfather's parsimonious life, he was inclined to extravagance from the beginning, and it did not help him much when one of his Finance Ministers discovered that two valuable properties in Berlin, which were supposed to belong to the State and which were appraised at almost $3,000,000, really belonged to the Kaiser. William found soon that he needed a still greater income to maintain his position and received from an obedient Parliament another increase in 1910, so that he has since enjoyed a yearly income amounting to almost $5,500,000.

When the revolution came the property of the Hohenzollerns was seized by the people's commissaries, but a preliminary arrangement was concluded later according to which the ex-Emperor was allowed to draw out certain sums he needed. Later William considered it wiser to have his property protected by a special agreement with the free State of Prussia. The claims which have been put forward by the ex-Kaiser's lawyers have been more or less recognised by the present Prussian Government, which submitted some time ago a bill covering the matter to the Prussian Diet. The Socialists accuse the Hohenzollern family of the attempt to appropriate valuable property which properly belongs to the State, while leaving to the State cumbersome castles, whose maintenance would be only a financial embarrassment to a family deprived of royal privileges.

'MODEST HOHENZOLLERNS'

Under the caption "The Modest Hohenzollerns," the Berlin newspaper Vorwarts recently launched a bitter attack on the draft of the agreement between the former royal family and the present free State of Prussia. The most interesting feature of this attack is the fact that the Berlin property of the former Kaiser has been much undervalued. For while the best available estimate made six years ago computed the value of the real estate held by the former Emperor in Berlin at a total of about ten million dollars, Vorwarts states that recently two properties of the Emperor brought alone 40,000,000 marks at a sale. The paper estimates that the present value of the property of the Hohenzollerns in Berlin amounts to at least two to three hundred million marks. To this there have to be added another 150,000,000 in furniture, paintings, silver plate, linen, china, jewelry and the like.

Thus it was to be expected that during the debate in the Diet on the fate of the Kaiser's fortune a sharp encounter should follow between Monarchists and Republicans. The Nationalists pointed out on this occasion that it showed ingratitude and fear of a possible return of the monarchy if the Diet refused to hand over to the former King the millions he wanted. The Socialists, on the other hand, advised the Hohenzollern family rather to devote a part of their fortune to the wounded, the widows and orphans of the war or to practice the handicraft they had learned, alluding to the tradition of the Hohenzollern dynasty that every Prince had to learn some trade.

Finally the whole bill was referred to a committee, from which it will emerge after some time. Considering the present state of affairs in Germany, however, it seems doubtful if this bill will meet a more friendly reception when it is submitted again to the Prussian Diet. Thus the fate of the Kaiser's millions seems to be as uncertain at present as the future of the German people.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

HEY SLIPPERY!! K'MERE - TROW DEM GOLD PLATES AWAY!! BRING DE SACK HERE - I LIKE TA PAINTED WHEN I SEEN IT - HURRY UP - IT'S A SPREAD
NOT ROOT BEER
INDOOR SPORTS.
JUST WATCHING TWO PORCH CLIMBERS AS THEY GO THROUGH THE HOUSE AND CLEAN UP
TAD '22

Grey Says League Can Gain Our Aid By Truth To Ideal

London, April 29.—Viscount Grey of Falloden, in the course of another appeal for the proposed fund of £1,000,000 for the League of Nations, makes special reference to the position of America towards the League. After pointing out that the League of Nations depends upon public opinion and that Governments are powerless because beset and distracted by public demands, political crises and pressure of all kinds, Lord Grey says:

"No opportunity must be lost of using the League for its proper objects. If two nations drift into a dispute which diplomacy is failing to compose the League of Nations must be used to settle it. This can only be ensured by the powerful insistence by public opinion inside and outside these two nations that settlement by the League is better than settlement by war."

After showing the need of funds to create that enlightened public opinion, Viscount Grey says:

"It is natural for those who care most for the ideal of the League of Nations to regret that it has to start without the cooperation of the United States, but it would be very wrong that we should on that account falter or hesitate.

"It is true that without the United States the league can never realise our best hopes, but the situation in the United States is a deadlock and not a decision that never and under no conditions will the United States join the league.

"We must wait for their definite decision, which may be favorable, and in the interval it is most important not only that the league should be kept alive but that it should prove itself true to the ideal on which it was founded. The time of waiting for the decision of the United States must be used to prove that the league is worthy of sympathy and help.

"If the league has to start without this help, all the greater should be the incentive to make such a start as will attract that help in future.

"The war would never have been won if the Allies had given way to pessimism because the United States did not come into it in the first two years. Those who are determined to prevent future war and believe that through League of Nations this can be done must not give way to pessimism now. The best way to insure the help of the American people is to show that there is a practical ideal to be helped."

Mail Goes Sunday On Empress Of Asia

Mail for Canada, the United States and Europe will be despatched on the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Liner Empress of Asia sailing Sunday. Hours at which mails to go on this boat will close at the American Post Office Saturday are:

Registered mail .....6 p.m.
Ordinary mail .....9 p.m.

The Empress of Asia sailed from Hongkong at noon Thursday and is due to arrive at Woosung tomorrow at noon. The tender with incoming passengers and mails is expected to arrive at the Municipal Jetty at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The tender outbound to the ship will leave the jetty at 9 o'clock Sunday morning.

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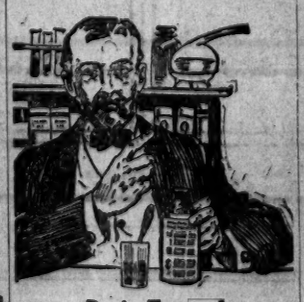
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LAD SINGS WAY TO BIG CAREER

Ex-Soldier Quit Spokane Home To Ask, 'Is My Voice Any Good?'

THE ANSWER WAS 'YES'

Now Erstwhile Messenger Has Stage Contract And Choir Position

New York, April 25.—With a dollar note as his entire capital, Lucious Metz, ex-soldier and a hopeful but inexperienced singer, came here several weeks ago from Spokane, Wash., to learn from some racognised musical authority if his voice was worth cultivating. He had no friend or acquaintance here and no means for earning a living. When he glanced at a restaurant menu with its post-war prices he hustled for a job and found it in a telegraph office as a messenger.

Up to yesterday this musical adventurer's confidence in himself had been repaid in the form of two contracts, one with a theatrical manager for three years, with a salary ranging from $150 to $400 weekly, and the other for $1,200 a year in a church choir. More income has been offered to him, but he is too busy to accept because he is hard at work learning to sing.

The first message Metz carried from the telegraph office led him to the Metropolitan Opera House, where a woman singer whom he asked for the name of a vocal teacher rebuffed him. At any rate, she moved away as if annoyed and some one gently pushed him to the street.

When Metz was released from the army he stopped for a night here and he had attended a performance of "Carmen" at the Metropolitan Opera House, where he heard Marie Sundelius sing Micaela. He wrote to her, asking to be directed to the best vocal teacher in New York. Miss Sundelius replied, giving the name of an instructor approved by the profession. This instructor, who asked that his name be withheld, said:

"I found that Metz had a voice of unusual, appealing quality and deep feeling, which may best be described as a rare natural gift. He is a tenor, with a range and volume that caused some who heard his trial efforts to mistake his voice for that of a baritone. His natural ability gives every indication of a promising career."

Metz went from high school into the army and never had sung in public, except before some of his schoolmates or among friends, he said. He could not read music and had never taken a singing lesson, but remembered and could reproduce music he heard. Convinced that he wasn't singing correctly, he first appeared before the instructor five weeks ago and free lessons were offered to him until he could pay. He was advised to hunt for a regular job meantime, so he dropped the messenger service and got other employment, which he has left now.

Two weeks ago the choir leader of the Reformed Church in New York, at Lenox Avenue and 123d Street, telephoned to the instructor, requesting him to send a tenor for the choir. He sent Metz. His singing was so satisfactory that he was engaged at a salary of $1,200 a year.

Eleanor Painter and her husband, Louis Graveure, visited the instructor and liked the untrained amateur's vocal effort. They recalled that Lee Shubert was in need of an understudy for Walter Wolf, who is rehearsing a new production, and recommended Metz. Mr. Shubert contracted with him for three years.

Metz's instructor and others who have met him say he is rather dazed over his sudden rise to fortune, but is not spoiled by success. Two talking machine companies have offered him contracts which he has refused and he has turned down several concert engagements because of the necessity of hard work for some months required for his training and the terms of his contracts.

The singer's mother, a widow, was worried about his career in a theater. Metz reminded her that he was also singing in a church and said conditions were good in both, but he had to work harder in the theater.

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Overall Move Spreading Rapidly; Broadway Falls Into Line

Blue denim "army" invades New York

The overall and gingham campaign against the cost of clothing, which originated in the South, is growing stronger daily and promises to become one of the biggest moves against profiteers in the history of the country. Clubs have been formed in practically every city and town, the members pledging themselves to wear nothing but the blue denim and gingham until prices come down. This photograph, made on New York's most famous street, Broadway, shows an "army" of overall disciples parading in behalf of the campaign.

DEPEW SPEAKER ON 86TH BIRTHDAY

Says America Succeeds Because It Has Reverence For Its Gray Heads

New York, April 30.—The Montauk Club of Brooklyn gave Chauncey M. Depew an eighty-sixth birthday party at its clubhouse last night. Men and women active in the civic life of the borough attended. William H. English, President of the club, presided and the only speaker besides Mr. Depew was Senator William M. Calder.

Mr. Depew covered in his speech a range of topics almost as wide and varied as his own long career. The speaker attributed the failures of the Kaiser, Bismarck and the Austrian Prime Minister to "derangement of their mechanism" and laid the success of this country to its fortunate possession of three practical idealists, Washington, Lincoln and Roosevelt. He described Roosevelt as the greatest practical idealist of our time and continued:

"He saw the possibilities of universal war in the conflict then raging between Russia and Japan. He first saw the danger to the whole world and especially to the United States in the military aggressiveness of the German Empire. Our entrance into this war, though late, nevertheless so effectually, and the victory which saved civilisation and liberty, were all largely due to the foresight, the courage, the invincible energy and the practical idealism of Theodore Roosevelt."

Mr. Depew drew attention to the richness of this year in centennials, saying that we were the heir of all the ages, and centennials taught us the value of inheritance. He traced centennials of significance to this country, adding:

"One of our richest manufacturers has said that history is bunk. And yet except for what was celebrated in these centennials, this manufacturer's opportunity would never have come. Again there is a rapidly growing feeling of indifference or contempt for the past. I read addresses and articles condemning the education of our colleges and schools because they are not wholly devoted to methods of money making.

"I remember an instance of a brief contract between the past and the present. A college rowing crew were at Peekskill on the Hudson while they were training on the river. Passing up to their homes, they leaped on to the terrace of our home and began an active discussion of the past and present.

"One of them said: 'The past can teach us nothing. My father is over 70 years old and I am 21, but I know more than he does.' My father was sitting, according to custom, in the late afternoon, upon the piazza smoking his pipe and reading his newspaper. The young man turned around and said to him: 'Well, old gentleman, what do you think of that?' My father replied: 'I am thinking what a damn fool your father must be.'"

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SIMPLIFY THE SYSTEM

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LONDON HOOTS AMERICAN PLAY

Laurette Taylor's Performance Of 'A Night In Rome' Stopped By Riot

AIR RAID YARN A CAUSE?

Actress's Plucky Speech Puts Off Row For One Act—Manager Drops Curtain

London, April 29.—A scene which filled the minds of playgoers who were present with distress happened at the Garrick Theater tonight, when on account of what were described by the galleryites themselves as an organised opposition, the curtain was run down soon after the beginning of the second act of the first performance in London of Hartley Manner's play, "One Night in Rome," in which Laurette Taylor played the chief part.

There was assembled in the theater one of the most distinguished first-night audiences of the year, with the American Ambassador and Mrs. Davis in a box draped with the Stars and Stripes.

From the very first it was obvious that something was wrong. The scene of the clairvoyante's studio was set with a comparatively low ceiling, and there were shouts from some galleryites that they couldn't see, and afterward there was intermittent "guying" of the play, but it appeared good humored, and ceased for the time being when Laurette Taylor appeared and gave a fine performance.

Miss Taylor's reception was entirely cordial, so much so that at the end of the first act she came before the curtain and made a speech, in the course of which she explained that the ceiling was so low because the scenery had been built in America, "where we are accustomed to do things on a small scale."

This aroused much laughter and all seemed well. The real outbreak began with the second act, while the actor, Barry Baxter, was playing the fiddle as cupid. This was received with violent abuse. There were roars and jeers from the gallery, and candies and pence were thrown on the stage.

At this, Miss Taylor came on the stage and addressed the galleryites, saying that those who could not see would have orchestra seats for another night. She then showed signs of breaking down and was joined by Charles B. Cochran, her "presenter."

Standing arm in arm with Miss Taylor, he declared he was not going to have her insulted, and would ring the curtain down and give a real first night on another evening.

This announcement was greeted with a general hubbub of conflicting voices. One was heard to say: "Go back where you came from."

Another shouted, "We can see all right—it is organised opposition."

"This is not like England," commented Miss Taylor amid loud and sympathetic cheers and cries of "keep on with the play."

Cochran, however, ordered that the curtain be rung down, and the orchestra played "God Save the King." For a long while no one seemed inclined to leave the theater and the audience remained in eager discussion. One opinion expressed was that the opposition was due to Miss Taylor having left London during the air raids, with the result that an obviously unfair impression got about. As a matter of fact, the unmost sympathy was expressed on all hands with Miss Taylor herself over the lamentable affair.

The truth seemed later to be that the demonstration was anti-Cochran and not against Laurette Taylor particularly or American plays or American performers generally. Within the past few weeks three American actresses, Peggy O'Neil, Edith May and Mary Nash, have scored triumphs on the London stage in American plays, and critics and public alike have given them unstinted praise. Their success led to a discussion as to the comparative merits of English and American actresses.

Cochran wrote a letter to one London paper, in the course of which he said:

"The British theater is a hotbed of snobbery. Our leading actors and actresses think more of a nod from a Duchess or a tea party with Lady X. than of proficiency in their art. It is 'bad form to be emotional upon the British stage.'"

AN ATONEMENT

London, April 30.—The breaking up of the first night's performance of J. Hartley Manners's play, "A Night in Rome," in the Garrick Theater last night by a gallery demonstration continued to be the sensation of the day for this afternoon's newspapers, which also denounced the affair editorially. The motive for it remained a mystery. Investigation of the incident is proceeding, Manager Cochran being determined to get to the bottom of the matter.

Laurette Taylor, the American star in the piece, who was at first inclined to return home, decided later to continue with the play, which, it is announced, will be resumed Monday. Expressions of sympathy today continued to reach Miss Taylor, and the Playgoers' Club, representing London's theatergoers, has invited her and her husband, Mr. Manners, to be its guests of honor at a dinner.

Some new theories are advanced today to explain the incident. One of the first was that it was caused by a desire to create bad feeling between the English and Americans. Another view is that it was instigated by Germans, because of Mr. Cochran's refusal to produce German plays or music or to allow Germans to enter his theater. One play manager said it might have been due to a remark of Miss Taylor in America after her return from playing "Peg o' My Heart" in London. She had been much upset by the German air raids, and was quoted in American newspapers as saying she was glad to get away from "that dreadful England!"

The Evening News denounces the demonstration editorially, but says it is nonsense to say it was an outbreak of anti-Americanism. The newspaper adds that Miss Taylor is one of the most popular actresses on the London stage.

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The event is doubly regrettable from the fact that the play was an American play in which a distinguished American actress played the leading part. These facts will be exploited in the United States by our enemies, and at such a moment anything which helps to embitter the relationship between the two countries is deeply to be deplored. We do not believe, however, that there is any ground for suspecting that the disturbance has any international significance."

At the office of Mr. Cochran it was said this afternoon there was ground for believing that the play-wrecking was instigated by an individual rather than by a political or other organisation. "There is nothing indicating that the incident was an anti-American demonstration of any kind—in fact, Ambassador Davis was present," it was added. "We believe it to be a mere coincidence."

Mr. Cochran's manager said: "We believe we are on the right trail and the motives of the disturbers will soon be known." The latter remark was taken to lend color to the suggestion that the trouble was made by disgruntled boxers or their supporters of the ringside element, who may have been antagonised during Mr. Cochran's recent fight promoting activities.

James Mathews, business manager of the Garrick and recently of the New York Hippodrome, expressed the belief that the disturbances were not organised. "At least," he said, "we hope they were not. The people in the gallery alone were responsible, merely because they could not see very well. We are not disheartened."

David Belasco, who was in the audience, praised the "gameness" of Miss Taylor. "Never in my long experience of the stage have I seen anything like it," he declared.

Morris Gest, the American theatrical producer, was in London. The Daily Sketch interviewed him. This is what he had to say:

"Certain native feelings seem to have been hurt. A disgruntled newspaper writer, for motives I do not clearly understand, seeks to arouse resentment toward what he calls 'the American invasion.'

"He asserts that there are English girls quite as clever. That is one reason I am in London—to engage some of them for America.

"The writer seems to object that American girls are keeping English girls from playing leading roles in London theaters. This is absurd. You might as well banish Puccini's music, send Pavlova and the Russian ballet back to Petrograd, and notify the great Sarah Bernhardt that England does not want her—because all are keeping some English talent out of a salary.

"Three Americans have recently won London's approval because they are clever girls, and London is going to see more clever American girls. To counter-balance this so-called 'American invasion,' let me point out that English stars coming to New York are almost invariably received with great enthusiasm.

"Probably when I return to New York, I shall hear a few disgruntled persons in my own country say: 'The English invasion is upon us.'"

A THEATRIC EPISODE

(Commenting on the above, the New York Times says:)

Anglo-American relations will not be strained by the "organised riot" which greeted Miss Laurette Taylor's return to the London stage. There was no question of the invasion of England by American actors. In fact, the talented lady seems for once to have been a supernumerary at her own premiere. With regard to certain relationships within the theater, however, the incident is full of significance.

It appears that Miss Taylor's manager had been carrying on a feud with a certain English actress. Being required to take part in a scene of insurgent passions, this lady refused, on the ground that her many friends in high society would be inexpressibly grieved if she were to appear before them in an attitude so compromising. What she refused, in short, was to practice her art of impersonation, insisting that her own personality should dominate everywhere. Since the days of Colley Cibber it has been the commonest of all the foibles of the profession. To stars of a certain magnitude, no part is acceptable which does not exhibit them arrayed in all the virtues and beatitudes. Life fades behind a simper of sweetness, passion sinks in a sea of prudery. In such crises most managers make the best retreat they can, in silence if not in humility. The manager in question flew to the newspapers, charging English actresses with social snobbery and declaring that there was "more prudery in West End theaters than in a young ladies' boarding school." Now the charge of prudery is apparently most distasteful. The result was a riot against the offending manager, which even those in the midst of it declared to be organised.

In the good old days international animosities throve in the theater and at times eventuated in dramatic race riots. Traces of it persisted even to the era of the American tours of Salvini, Bernhardt and Duse, though it was mainly confined to articles written by the older and more reactionary critics. The London appearances of Edwin Booth and Richard Mansfield are said to have been seriously affected by a vigorous though hidden propaganda. But in the present generation amity has prevailed. Until a dozen years ago, nine out of ten plays produced in New York were of European origin, and there seemed actually to be a home prejudice against American plays. In the past decade the situation has been reversed. There have been times when the London stage seemed entirely given over to Broadway successes; Broadway slang is the latest word in refined English conversation. During the past three weeks three American actresses have appeared in American plays and have been triumphantly acclaimed by press and public. Though tears were streaming upon Miss Taylor's cheeks she exclaimed, "This is not like England!" and the audience proved her right by cheering her and urging that the play continue.

There can be no doubt, however, that the English stage resents the charge of prudery. Such a riot has not been seen since 1809, and then the cause was the even more momentous question of the price of seats.

Heads U. S. Fleet In Turkey

Rear-Admiral Mark L. Bristol, U. S. N., is in command of the American warships in Turkish waters. Admiral Bristol has completed arrangements for the protection of Americans in Turkey, in the event of disputes which may follow the establishment of a virtual Allied dictatorship. This photograph of the Admiral was made in Constantinople.

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Says Rumanian Heir Will Escape From Ship And Invoke American Laws

Bucharest, Rumania, March 16.—"He will come back to me before that," gayly declares Crown Prince Carol's morganatic wife, fascinating Zizi Lambrino, referring to the two years' duration set for the cruise on which his royal parents, King Ferdinand and Queen Marie, have sent him, hoping thereby to wean him from her. "On the American coast he will manage to escape and put himself under the protection of the American laws."

While the Prince was imprisoned at Bistrita for refusing to give up his wife he hit on a way of finding out when his first child was born. As the King and Queen and the Senate had agreed that no letters should pass between the young couple, a ruse was needed. And the Prince thought of it.

President Gorga of the Rumanian Parliament is said to have had the most influence on the Prince, after his wife. So when a son was born a friend cabled to the Prince in Gorga's name: "Goods reached Bucharest this morning."

The jailers, two staff officers, let the despatch go to the Prince who read it, then turning to them said:

"Congratulate me. I'm a father."

The Prince declared his ambition was to be a simple Rumanian officer and walk out with his wife and children on Sunday afternoons.

Bishop W.R. Lambuth To Reside In Shanghai

A cablegram from Bishop Lambuth says that his residence is to be in Shanghai. The members of the Missions of the M. E. Church, South will be rejoiced to learn that Bishop Lambuth has been assigned to the episcopal supervision of their Missions in the Orient.

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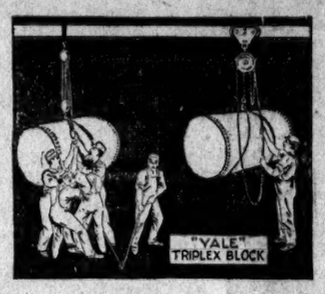

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28783.

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CIGARETTES

EVERY CONNOISSEUR ENJOYS THE BEAUTY

WHY NOT YOU?

Agents: Sincere Co., Wing On Co., M. Y. San Co., Nanking Road.

NANYANG BROS. TOBACCO CO., LTD.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word. (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1920

American residents interested in arranging a suitable program for the 4th of July, are cordially invited to meet in the Reading Room of the American Consulate-General entrance 19 Whangpoo Road, at 12.15 p.m., Saturday, June 5th.

EDWIN S. CUNNINGHAM,
American Consul-General.
29985

During the Summer months, or until further notice, the offices of the Consulate-General will be closed to public business between the hours of 12.30 and 2 p.m.

EDWIN S. CUNNINGHAM,
American Consul-General.
Shanghai, June 3rd, 1920.
30006

NOTICE

We beg respectfully to inform the managers and compradores of the various firms in Shanghai, who employ wharf and godown coolies, that we are undergoing great hardship at the present time owing to low wages and the recent increase in the price of rice and the higher rents and taxes. We are compelled, therefore, to request that our wages be increased from June 1st, in return for which we will devote ourselves more diligently to our work. Under present conditions we are faced with starvation.

Shanghai Godown Coolies' Guild.
上海棧票公義會
30011

Java Consolidated Rubber and Coffee Estates, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of the above Company have decided to pay an Interim Dividend of Tael 1.00 per share on the 11th June, 1920 to Shareholders on record on that date.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 8th to the 11th June, 1920, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd.
Secretaries & General Managers.
30016

NOTICE

We have just received a fresh supply of AMERICAN FLAKE NAPTHTHALINE and are disposing of same at a moderate price. For further particulars apply to

K. H. SCHEN & CO.,
No. 71 Szechuen Road.
30007

MR. K. GUSFINKEL. Mangoes per "Kashima Maru" have been discharged. Please take delivery promptly.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Passenger Department.

OFFICE TO LET

Over 900 square feet of office space at the new Y. M. C. A. National Building, 2 Hongkong Road. Please apply to Mr. S. E. Hening, 20 Museum Road.
29987

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that Major Chauncey P. Holcomb has been admitted a partner in the undersigned firm as from the first day of June, 1920.

JERNIGAN, FESSENDEN AND ROSE.
Dated 3rd June, 1920.
29998

R. Consolato Generale d'Italia

Il sottoscritto sara lieto di ricevere i membri della Colonia Italian nella residenza consolare Domanica 6 di Giugno Festa dello Statuto delle 11.30 alle 12.30 ant.

G. de' ROSSI,
R. Console Generale.
Shanghai, 3 Giugno 1920.
30020

NOTICE

Effective during June, Charles F. Hueglin will take over the management of the offices of Neuss, Hesslein and Co., W. P. Hough going on leave to the United States.

Neuss, Hesslein & Co.
1 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
W. P. HOUGH,
Representative.
30015

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

beg to inform the public that a second issue of the Credit National for the reconstruction of the war-devastated regions in France, is to take place at the beginning of June next.

As for the first issue of December 1919, the debentures covered by a guarantee from the French Government, will yield an income of 5% per annum, and will be free of any government tax for the present and the future.

The new issue will comprise 3,000,000 debentures of Fcs. 500 face value, sold at a price of Fcs. 485 each, and redeemable at par within 75 years.

Every debenture will participate in the annual prize drawings, amounting to Fcs. 20,000,000 annually in 8 drawings including prizes of:

Fcs. 1,000,000.00
500,000.00
200,000.00
100,000.00
50,000.00

The subscriptions to the above debentures will be received until June 15th next at the stated price of Fcs. 485 each, by the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, No. 29, BUND, who will grant the most favourable exchange rates.

R. J. AUDAP,
Manager.
29787

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

JUNE

DESPOSITS

CARRYING interest at 7% per annum, will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, No. 24B Kiangse Road.

from
Tuesday, June 1
to
Saturday, June 5
Both days inclusive

6 PER CENT. STERLING LOAN, 1920.

Depositors may exercise the option of investing in the above Loan in accordance with the terms of Municipal Notification No. 2715 of April 29, 1920.
29946

Notice of Removal

The undersigned have this day removed their offices to 95 Szechuen Road, 4th Floor, entrance 13 Nanking Road. (Whiteaway's Building).

ANDREWS & GEORGE.
29996

NOTICE

The employment of Mr. E. R. Bradley with this firm ceased as from date, May 14th., 1920.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
22 Nanking Rd., Shanghai.
29936

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

ARRIVALS

Piper Heidsieck
PIPER SEC AMERICAIN 1914
Champagne (Reims)

Heidsiecks
MONOPOLE (RED TOP)
Champagne (Reims)

Heerings
CHERRY BRANDY
(Copenhagen)

Cusenier's
CREME DE CACAO
(Marseille)

LOITEN'S
AQUAVIT (10 AAR)
(Kristania)

United Distilleries
OLD LIQUEUR GENEVA
Dutch Gun (Schiedam)

Telephone 2021
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

NOTICE

S.S. "West Eldara" from New York

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Eastern Wharf on Friday, 4th instant, at 2.30 p.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Eisler and Reeves will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.
29970

NOTICE

S.S. "Wawalona" from Portland

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Eastern Wharf on Friday, 4th instant, at 2.30 p.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Eisler and Reeves will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.
29971

NOTICE

S.S. "Montague" from Seattle

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Lower Wharf on Saturday, 5th instant, at 10 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Eisler and Reeves will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.
29972

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

66th MEETING.
5th June, 1920.
(Saturday)
1st Saddling Bell at 2.30 p.m.
Sharp.

MEMBERS and OWNERS are requested to wear their respective Badges.

ENTRANCE TICKETS: $1.00 each, obtainable at the Gate.

SPECIAL TRAINS: 1.15 p.m. 1.55 p.m. 2.00 p.m.

SPECIAL CAR SERVICE: Motor Cars will leave the Central Garage 2a, Jinkee Road, every minute from noon.

TIFFINS and REFRESHMENTS will be served at the Race Course.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.
29973

Position Wanted

Competent and reliable business man, thoroughly experienced as executive in Far Eastern trade, will consider offer of position as manager in any part of Far East for any thoroughly reliable trading business. Apply to Box 895, THE CHINA PRESS.
29781

FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE.

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
SHANGHAI

ALL MAKES OF

TYPEWRITERS

FOR SALE AND HIRE

Underwood, Model 5
Remington, Model 10
Oliver, Models 7 & 9
Standard Fox
Baby Fox Portable
National Portable
Corona Portable

"National Portable"
In Travelling case $54.

REPAIR WORK
Year Contracts a Specialty

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — Cable Add. Mackbauck
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Stewart Motor-Driven WARNING SIGNAL

Not an "electric horn" with only a common vibrator, but a WARNING SIGNAL with a REAL MOTOR and a big push button that can be operated by the slightest touch of the hand, arm.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

WE QUOTE FIRM

3000 cases KEROSENE OIL

G.$3.85 per case C.I.F. C & I. G$4.05 per case Ex-godown
Delivery guaranteed during June.
Address inquiries to Box 964, THE CHINA PRESS.
29957

NEW LOAN OF THE CREDIT NATIONAL FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE DEVASTATED REGIONS IN FRANCE

5 %

Guarantee of the French Government.

Free of income tax.

8 drawings each year with prizes amounting to Frs. 20,000,000.

ISSUE PRICE

Frs. 485.00

PER BOND OF NOMINAL

Frs. 500.00

Interest begins on 15th June, 1920.

For subscription apply to the

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE

On or before 15th June.

G. LION,
Manager.
29975

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST, June 2nd, a Rumanian passport No. 317993, issued by the prefect of Chisinau district. Anybody who finds it is kindly requested to deliver same to Box 995, THE CHINA PRESS.
30004 J. 4

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, one office room in central district, moderate monthly rental. Electric light and ceiling fan already installed. Complete, excellent office furniture for sale at reasonable price. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box 1003, THE CHINA PRESS.
20010 J. 4

TO LET, bright, airy offices just completed. Apply, stating number of rooms required, to Box 1002, THE CHINA PRESS.
30018 J. 6

OFFICES to let near Bund, four very large rooms, immediate occupation. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
29944

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERT Chinese accountant, familiar with modern systems of bookkeeping and accounting, seeks permanent position at moderate salary. Apply to Box 1004, THE CHINA PRESS.
30022 J.

BOOKKEEPER, with American and English system of accounting, desires position. Highest of references. Apply to Box 994, THE CHINA PRESS.
30000 J. 6

AMERICAN, married, good all-round mechanic, desires position as steam fitter. Sober and industrious; immediate position required. Apply to Box 997, THE CHINA PRESS.
30009 J. 6

AMERICAN, married, capable of taking charge of godown or assisting in that capacity, requires position. Apply to Box 998, THE CHINA PRESS.
30009 J. 6

TECHNICAL salesman and color chemist open for engagement. Applicant desirous of obtaining position with first class firm in Shanghai, handling dyestuff. Ten years' experience textile and color business. Qualifications testified to by the three largest dyestuff manufacturers in America. Apply to Box 992, THE CHINA PRESS.
30000 J. 5

AMERICAN business woman just arrived Shanghai, experienced and capable, desires permanent position with reputable American business house. Please reply to Box 969, THE CHINA PRESS.
29966 J. 5

EXPERT in China produce, many years experience, willing to consider basis of nominal salary and commission on results. Can introduce important connections. For further particulars apply to Box 986, THE CHINA PRESS.
29991 J. 5

WANTED position by a young Chinese, speaks and writes good English with eight years experience general office routine. Moderate salary for start. Apply to Box 988, THE CHINA PRESS.
29994 J. 5

ACCOUNTANT at present employed in a large American import and export firm, energetic, capable and experienced, desires to better his position. First-class references. Knowledge of foreign language. Apply to Box 976, THE CHINA PRESS.
29976 J. 5

WANTED extra work in any capacity from 5 to 7 p.m. by energetic, quick-working young Britisher. Also gives lessons in stenography. Apply to Box 977, THE CHINA PRESS.
29977 J. 5

MANAGERIAL POSITION WANTED: American college-man of good presence, aged 30, open for engagement from July 1st. Seven years' business experience in China, four years as an outport manager of large specialised import company, one year as an outport manager of large general importing and exporting firm. Has good executive ability and judgment, extensive knowledge of Chinese commercial conditions and customs, also effective methods in dealing with officials and staffs, with some understanding of the language. Will anyone desiring the services of a high-grade man, as an executive, manager, department-head, or work of a confidential nature, kindly communicate with the advertiser. No objection to outport. Please reply to Box 948, THE CHINA PRESS.
29880 J. 5

YOUNG MAN (married) with 12 years experience in import, export and shipping firms in the Far-east, speaks Chinese fluently, desires responsible position in any capacity. Capable of taking charge of a department, disengaged 1st June. Moderate salary, best references. Please apply to Box 878, THE CHINA PRESS.
29729 J. 6

OFFICE, ETC., WANTED

WANTED, in central district, one or two room office for immediate occupation. Apply to Box 967, THE CHINA PRESS.
29960 J. 4

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens
Board—Residence
Apply
MRS. G. POLLOCK.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road

ONE large room, also one small room, hot water, with bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102.
29851

TO LET with board from June 15th, well furnished and ventilated flat, of two large adjoining rooms, small room and modern equipped bathroom. Suitable for married couple or two bachelor friends. Telephone, tennis, garage and stabling. Apply to Box 935, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO RENT, near Hongkew Park, immediate occupation, five rooms, bath, kitchen and servants' quarters in a new house. All conveniences, screens, flush closet, etc. Rent Tls. 75, water, taxes and light supplied. Apply to Box 1005, THE CHINA PRESS.
30024 J. 6

A large bedroom, suitable for two bachelors or a married couple, very moderate rental. French family, in good part of French concession. Apply to Box 1001, THE CHINA PRESS.
30013 J. 6

TO LET, two rooms, western district, suitable for married couple; all modern conveniences. Tennis lawn, stabling, garage, telephone, etc. Apply to Box 993, THE CHINA PRESS.
30002 J. 10

TO LET, rooms with board. Mrs. M. Mohrstedt, Tsingtau.
30017

TO LET, well-furnished rooms with board and all conveniences at 78 Bubbling Well Road, telephone West 1473.
29982 J. 11

TO LET, in western district near to French Club, nicely furnished rooms in private family, comfortable and bright, with all modern conveniences, shower bathrooms, large verandah attached, facing south, use of telephone, garden, tennis court. Excellent board can be served privately in apartment. Two bachelors preferred. Apply to Box 984, THE CHINA PRESS.
29988 J. 5

APARTMENTS WANTED

YOUNG American man wants room and board. Preferably western or central sections. Apply to Box 979, THE CHINA PRESS.
29979 J.

PROFESSIONAL

YOUNG French lady with knowledge of Chinese local dialect and Mandarin language, is willing to give English or French lessons to Chinese ladies. Apply to Box 981, THE CHINA PRESS.
29981 J. 9

A well-educated Chinese wishes to teach foreigners, in Mandarin, Shanghai dialect and Chinese languages every day. Apply to GG-11 Mandalay Road.
29843 J. 4

ENGLISH lessons given by experienced lady teacher either day or evening. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 961, THE CHINA PRESS.
29954

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent, four to six-roomed, unfurnished or furnished house, French concession or Bubbling Well district. Rent payment several months in advance acceptable. Premium $50 paid for information leading lease of house. Apply to Box 962, THE CHINA PRESS.
29955 J. 4

COUPLE, without children, want furnished or unfurnished house in western district or French concession, for short or long term. Apply to Box 968, THE CHINA PRESS.
29965 J. 8

WANTED to rent house, French concession. Occupation November 1st, one year lease. Apply to Box 854, THE CHINA PRESS.
29943

SITUATIONS VACANT

AMERICAN firm requires the service of Eurasian lady stenotypist. Apply to Box 990, THE CHINA PRESS.
29997 J. 4

WANTED, soap-boiler, no choice regarding nationality. Address Mr. Borodin, 55 Meadow Road, Tientsin, China.
29862

WANTED at once, for the Engineering Dept. of a British firm, a young lady as steno-typist; one with some office experience preferred. Replies, which will be treated as confidential, should state age, nationality and full particulars of past employment, and be sent to Box 989, THE CHINA PRESS.
29995 J. 5

WANTED, young American for outport. Training in inland water, shipping and simple book-keeping essential. Good salary, treatment accorded man with these qualifications. Apply to Box 987, THE CHINA PRESS.
29993 J. 5

AN American corporation, long established in China, desires the services of a native American lady as stenographer in Shanghai. Reply in writing, giving full particulars concerning experience and salary desired, to Box 963, THE CHINA PRESS.
29956 J. 4

Compradore wanted immediately by British import firm with extensive connections in Europe and the interior of China. Generous terms to capable man. Apply to Box 959, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, competent steno-typist. Apply in person between 10 and 12 a.m. at Far Eastern Review Office.
29950

WANTED, travelling salesman for outports. State previous experience and particulars, to Box 947, THE CHINA PRESS.
29874 J. 5

EXECUTIVE positions open: There are more high-salaried positions than men to fill them. Bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, etc., you can prepare for promotion by study of I. C. S. Business Management, Secretarial, or Higher Accounting Course. Get out of the rut. Write today—right away. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, Chinese P. O. Box No. 1.

EXCHANGE AND MART

FOR SALE, Hupmobile, five-seater, almost new, all accessories including loose covers, chauffeur's summer uniforms, etc. Apply to Box 996, THE CHINA PRESS.
30008 J. 6

FOR SALE, Douglas, 2¾ h.p. twin-cylinder motor-cycle, very fine machine, in excellent condition. Price Tls. 300. Apply to Box 999, THE CHINA PRESS.
30010 J. 6

FOR SALE, a beautiful town-car, coupe, absolutely new. Long chassis, six-cylinder, 40-50 h.p., Buick latest model, with five wheels, luxuriously upholstered and in perfect running order. Owner having gone home, will sell 25% below cost price. Apply in writing to R. de Ruffe, 69 Rue du Consulat.
30005 J. 10

FOR SALE, one .351 automatic rifle, one 12 ejector shot-gun (Webley Scott), one .38 Colt's automatic, one thoroughbred setter, nine months old. Apply to Box 1000, THE CHINA PRESS.
29914 J. 6

FOR SALE, pointer pups at L. Moore's Auction Room this morning.
30012 J. 4

FOR SALE, four-cylinder, four passenger, Clement-Bayard motor-car, in first-class running order. Can run thirty miles to one gallon of gasoline. Apply B. Bertucci, Whangpoo River Conservancy Yard, Chang War Pang.
29952 J. 4

FOR SALE, complete, almost new, furniture and fixtures for five-roomed house. Apply to Box 945, THE CHINA PRESS.
29872 J. 5

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,000,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Karachi	Saigon
Batavia	Klang	Seremban
Bombay	Kobe	Shanghai
Calcutta	Kuala	Singapore
Canton	Lumpur	Sourabaya
Cebu	(F. M. S.)	Tientsin
Colombo	Madras	Tavoy
Delhi	Manila	(Lower
Haiphong	Medan	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Taiping
Hongkong	Penang	New-York
Iloilo	Puket	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .....Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabez."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000
Silver $23,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Odkins, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Lumpur	Shanghai
Canton	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Tientsin
Hankow	Manila	Tsingtao
Harbin	Nagasaki	Vladivostock
Iloilo	New York	Yokohama
	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Acting Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund.....	26,000,000
	Kup-Tls.
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Harbin	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen	Newchwang	Vladivostock
(Dalny)		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
S. JASTRZEMBSKI.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $50,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,393.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital ..Fr. 50,000,000
Reserves .....Fr. 12,027,956

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 2 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangemements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital subscribed: £1,000,000
Capital paid up £850,000

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S.Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 435,461.90

Head office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels; Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
MENG GHIA, T. D. Woo, Acting Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital and Surplus: $10,000,000
Undivided Profits: $500,000

OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Head Office:
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Japan
Canton	Kobe
Hankow	Yokohama
Harbin	Java
Hongkong	Batavia
Peking	Sourabaya
Shanghai	Panama
Tientsin	Colon
Tsingtau	Panama
Dominican Republic	Philippine Islands
Barahona	Cebu
Puerto Plata	Manila
San Pedro de Macoris	Straits Settlements
Sanchez	Singapore
Santiago	
Santo Domingo	
India	
Bombay	
Calcutta	
Rangoon	

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Italy
Buenos Aires	Genoa
Once (Buenos Aires)	Peru
Rosario	Lima
Belgium	Porto Rico
Antwerp	Ponce
Brussels	San Juan
Brazil	South Africa
Bahia	Cape Town
Pernambuco	Spain
Porto Alegre	Barcelona
Rio de Janeiro	Madrid
Santos	Trinidad
Sao Paulo	Port of Spain
Chile	Uruguay
Santiago	Montevideo
Valparaiso	Calle Rondean (Montevideo)
Colombia	Venezuela
Barranquilla	Caracas
Bogota	Ciudad Bolivar
Medellin	Maracaibo
Cuba	
Havana and 22 other cities in Cuba	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 81,425.61
Resources 10,000,000.00

Head Office & Branches;
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimen, and Lanchi.

Domestic Agencies;
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, New York, Amsterdam, Tokio, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodata, Seoul, and Fusan.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

Drafts issued and telegraph transfers effected.

Commercial Credits established.

Loans and Credits granted on approved securities.

Interests allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Pounds Sterling, Gold Dollars, Guilders, Yen, Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

Savings Deposits at 4% compound interest.

LI MING, Manager.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Telephone: C. 3145, Mgr's. Office.
Telephone: C. 2147, General Office.
CABLE ADDRESS:
"CHINDUSBANK."

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCITY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital; Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Palombang
Bandoeng	Penang
Cheribon	Pontianak
Djember	Rangoon
Djokjakarta	Semarang
Hongkong	Singapore
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radjja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Betoe
Padang	Tjilatjap
Pekalongan	Weltevredon

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital..... 750,000
Reserve Fund..... 750,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
BANK OF ENGLAND
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	(Calcutta)	New York
Colombo	Kandy	Penang
Delhi	Karachi	Port Louis
Galle	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Hongkonk	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		Singapore

Shanghai Branch.
26 The Bund.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. CHAMPKIN, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised Frs. 250,000,000
Capital subscribed „ 150,000,000
Capital paid up .. „ 75,000,000
Reserve ..... „ 30,000,000

One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: ANDRE BERTHELOT
General Manager: A. J. PERNOTTE

HEAD OFFICE:
74 RUE SAINT LAZARE, PARIS

BRANCHES:
Marseilles, New York, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton Foochow, Yunnanfu, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London.
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted. Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000

AN AMERICAN BANK

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads

Cables: BANKASIA Tel. C. 1825

Other Branch Offices:

CANTON, CHANGSHA, HANKOW, HONGKONG, MANILA, PEKING and TIENTSIN

Complete Banking Facilities
Direct Personal Service

Interest on Deposit subject to check, also on time deposits. Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Bought, Sold, Negotiated or Collected
Financing of Shipments: Mail or Cable Payments and Transfers

RESEARCH BUREAU

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 54,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hsuchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
			Cincinatti

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, both in taels and dollars, according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manger
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

HEAD OFFICE, NEW YORK

Owned and controlled By
The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada

BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH: 1 Kiukiang Road. Telephone C. 1174

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

Head Office: 9 NINGPO ROAD
Hongkew Branch: 15 N. SZECHUEN ROAD

Your saving account with this Bank is worth 100 cents on the dollar all the time plus 4 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Our pamphlet "HOW TO SAVE" supplied upon request.

Telephones:

Head Office	*Hongkew Branch*
C. 4522 C. 4523	N. 1115
Banking Department	Foreign Department
Savings Department	Trust Department

Branches and agencies in all principal cities.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital $2,000,000
Paid up Capital 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund.
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.
Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

R. CHENG,
Acting-Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on June 1, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	15-30
Cod	„	14-16
Mandarin	„	30-40
Mackerel	„	18-20
Pomfret	„	14-16
Salmon	„	none
Samli	„	20-30
Soles	„	16-18
Whitebait	„	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	each	60-80
Hare	„	none
Eggs	per doz.	15-17
Fowl	per lb.	22-24
Geese	„	70-90
Partridge	„	none
Pheasant	„	none
Pigeons	„	18-20
Plover	each	none
Quail	„	none
Snipe	„	14-16
Teal	„	none
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Woodcock	each	none
Wild Duck	„	none
Wild Geese	„	none
Wild Pigeons	„	none
Plover	each	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	„	25-30
Bananas	„	7-8
Cherrier	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	10-20
Oranges	per dozen	$1.00
Peaches	„	none
Pears	„	16-20
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	8-10
Plums	„	5-8
Pumeloes	each	20-25
Pineapples	„	none
Strawberries	„	10-15
Walnuts	per lb.	none
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	5-6
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	„	2-3
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	8-10
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	3-4
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	per lb.	10-15
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	70-80
Onions	„	3-4
Parsnips	per bunch	3-8
Peas	per lb.	3-4
Potatoes	per pic.	$3.00-$3.50
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	„	10-15
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lbs.	$4.50
Flour, Australian	„	$4.00
Flour, Shanghai	„	$2.75
Rice	200 lb.	$10.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	10
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 17.50
Stove Coal	„	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Asia June 5

For Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Nellore, June 12

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. June 4

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Russia June 18

From Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Karmala June 7

From Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi M. June 6

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$570 B.
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 445
North China	Tls. 153
Union of Canton	Hk. 165 B.
Yangtsze	$245 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 18½ B.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$188
Hongkong Fire	$300 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$209
Indo-China Pref.	$19½
"Shell"	192/6 B.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 55 S.
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 85 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 18 B.
Oriental Cons.	17/-
Raub	$1
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 152½ B
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 131
New Eng. Works	Tls. 26 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 150 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 83 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 69
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 30 B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.) Tls.	Tls. 660
E-wo Pref	Tls. 77½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 400
Oriental	Tls. 260
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 350
Kungyik	Tls. 63½
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 44
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 75
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	Tls. 282 B.
Green Island	Tls. 6.90 B.
Langkats	Tls. 16 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 75 B.
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½
Llewellyn	$28
Lane, Crawford	Tls. 80 B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	Tls. 6.10 S.
Weeks	Tls. 11
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 5¾ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 10 B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.65 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1. 80
Bute	Tls. 0.65
Chemor United	Tls. 0.85
Chempedak	Tls. 5
Cheng	Tls. 1.10 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2 B.
Dominion	Tls. 5.60
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11¼
Kamunting	Tls. 4 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 10½ B.
Padang	Tls. 7
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 1 B.
Permata	Tls. 3 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.55
Samaganga	Tls. 0.60 B.
Seekoe	Tls. 2 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.60 B.
Senawang	Tls. 4 B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.55
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 3
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 6½
Sungei Duri	Tls. 3
Sua Manggis	Tls. 0.55
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0. 60
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 1
Taiping	Tls. 0.60 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 14½
Tebong	Tls. 2½
Ulobri	Tls. 4½ B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 325
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 10 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 69
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 14 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 34
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 25
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 69
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 109 B.
S'hai Waterworks	

B. Sellers. Ba. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 398

Coal Market

In their report dated June 3, Messrs. Wheelock and Co., write as follows:

Japan Coal:—There is no change to report in this market since last writing as the Silk Filatures have not yet commenced operations and this is the "dull" season of the year in any case. The market for first grade coals continues strong in Japan where the demand is still greater than the supply.

Fushun Coal:—No change.

Kaiping Coal:—There is practically nothing new to report since last writing. Prices remain firm and there is a big demand for lump and the better grades generally, both in the North and Japan, with the result that supplies for this port are limited. Deliveries under contract are being maintained but owing to the few arrivals stocks are considerably reduced.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 3, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 5/8=Tls. 3.53
@ exch. 73.=Mex. $4.83

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 112¼=Tls. 0.89
@ 73=Mex. $1.22

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 72.75

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 216

Bar Silver 998 touch ...Tls. 111

Copper Cash ...per tael 189.600

Native Interest ..... Tls. 08

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 57d.
Bank Rate of Discount 8%
Ex., Paris on London..Fr. 50.30
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$3.95½

Exchange Opening Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/7
London ..... Demand 5/7¼
India ..... T.T. 262½
Paris ..... T.T. 1395
Paris ..... Demand 1398
New York ..... T.T. 110½
New York ..... Demand 110¾
Hongkong ..... T.T. 71½
Japan ..... T.T. 47¼
Batavia ..... T.T. 284½
Singapore ..... T.T. 41

All Nominal

Bank's Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/9⅛
London ....4 m/s. Cdts. 5/11⅛
London ....4 m/s. Docy. 5/11⅝
London ....6 m/s. Cdts. 6/0⅝
London ....6 m/s. Docy. 6/1
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 1545
New York ... o/d. Docy. 114½
New York..4 m/s. Docy. 121¼

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand Buying Rates

£10 @ exch. 5/9½=
Sh. Tls. 34.53

G.$50 @ exch. 114½=
Sh. Tls. 43.67

Fr. 250 @ exch. 1475=
Sh. Tls. 16.95

1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.37 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

BANKS SELLING RATE FOR MARKS

Marks 3,700 ..... =Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... =Mex. $3.73

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 15,500 ..... =Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... =Mex. $0.88

Exchange Shop Rates

Buying: 100 Old Roubles $1.50
„ 100 New „ 85
Selling: 100 Old „ 1.60
„ 100 New „ 95

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JUNE

Hk. Tls. 3.16 @ 5/8¼ £1
„ 1 @ 1418 Fr. 15.80
„ 0.31 @ 110¼ Gold $1
„ 1 @ 47 Yen 2.37
„ 1 @ 267½ Rs. 2.98
„ 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, June 3, 1920.

OFFICIAL
Java Consolidated Tls. 11.25
Shanghai Docks Tls. 134.00 July

UNOFFICIAL
Kroewoeks Tls. 10.50
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 350.00 June
Yangtszepoo (ord.) Tls. 43.00 June
Tls. 45.50 September

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, June 3, 1920.

UNOFFICIAL
Kamuntings Tls. 4.00

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, June 3, 1920.

Japan Trust Bank, Ltd.
Tls. 8.90 August
Nisshi Boseki Kaisha
Tls. 9.00 June
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 25.50 June

LOCAL YARN
Local Yarn for Standard: 16's
Tls. 147.90 August
Water Moon 16-20's
Tls. 162.50 June

Tebong Rubber & Tapioca Estates, Ltd.

At the company meeting of the Tebong Rubber and Tapioca Estates, Ltd., held yesterday afternoon at the offices of the agents, Messrs. J. A. Wattie Trust Company, Ltd., 10 Canton Road, 12,660 shares were represented. The following resolutions were adopted:

That the directors report and statement of accounts as presented be passed. Proposed by Chairman R. Macgregor and seconded by Mr. H. M. Tibbey.

"That a final dividend of Tael 1.00 per share be paid. Proposed by the Chairman, and seconded by Mr. Chu Pao-san.

"That the appointment of Mr. A. J. Welch as a director be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. C. Harris Purcell and seconded by Mr. E. O. Cumming.

"That Mr. Chu Pao-san be re-elected a director of the Company. Proposed by Mr. C. H. Purcell and seconded by Mr. K. H. Martin.

"That Messrs. Lowe Bingham and Matthews be elected auditors to the company in Shanghai and Malacca for the ensuing year at a fee of Taels 500. Proposed by Mr. E. O. Cumming and seconded by Mr. A. J. Welch.

The Chairman said:

"Gentlemen: The report and accounts have been in your hands for some time and, with your permission, I will follow the usual procedure and take them as read.

"I will, however, read to you the auditors report which is as follows:

"We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. The above balance sheet, which is in accordance with the books, accounts and vouchers in Shanghai, and the audited accounts received from the Malacca agents, is, in our opinion, properly drawn up so to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given us and as shown by the books."

Lowe, Bingham and Matthews.
Auditors.

"The report is made up in the usual form and your directors have again endeavored to give you the fullest information about the working of your property.

"Advantage was taken during the year of an opportunity to sell 451 acres of the undeveloped land belonging to the Company. Part of the proceeds were used to clear and plant a further 175 acres with Hevea, this brings the total planted area up to 3,568 acres and leaves the Company with approximately 271 acres of reserve land, that is suitable for rubber. Your directors do not propose to open up any further land for the time being.

"The soil of this new clearing is reported to be excellent and as the young plants have succeeded well, very few supplies will be necessary.

"Since 1915 an area of 1,407 acres has been developed at an average cost of S.$59 per acre so that the total cost in bearing should not exceed $155 per acre.

"The visiting agent, in his last report, states that the growth in all these immature areas continues satisfactory and that weeding generally throughout the Estate is in good order.

"The thinning out, that has taken place, has greatly benefitted the remaining trees, but, unfortunately, owing to a shortage of labor, this work could not be proceeded with as quickly as was desired.

"Pests and diseases gave very little trouble during the year as is instanced by the fact that it was only necessary to expend $316.49 on their eradication. I stated last year that brown bast had at that time been noted on different divisions, but I am happy to be able to tell you, that there has been no increase in this disease, and that the trees that were affected have been removed in the ordinary course of thinning out.

"The output for the year was 945,000 lbs. or 45,000 lbs. more than the estimate I gave you last year. The estate again suffered from a shortage of tappers and many tasks had to go untapped in consequence.

"Every effort is being made to increase the Tamil labor force and there are now 31 recruiters in India trying to obtain coolies for the Estate.

"The estimated output for the current year is 1,000,000 lbs. which I think should easily be obtained.

"Health conditions were on the whole much better than during 1918; there was a somewhat severe outbreak of fever towards the end of the year but the position is now reported to have returned to the normal.

"In this connection I may inform you that your directors have just arranged to lease a site, at a nominal rent, to the district medical officer for his bungalow.

"This means that we shall have a thoroughly qualified doctor living right on the Estate, which should result in great benefit to the health of the staff and labor force.

"The site he has selected consists of 2 or 3 acres of undeveloped land situated just at the entrance to the estate.

"Turning now to the accounts I will deal with the working account first. This has been debited with 90 percent of the general expenditure and with the whole of the Shanghai office expenses.

"The Unsold Stock of Rubber was valued for the purpose of the accounts at 1/9 per pound but, since the accounts were made up, we have received advice of the sale of a further 169,320 lbs. which have realised 2/3½ per pound net, so that, in spite of the recent decline in the price of rubber, the proceeds of the stock, when it has all been sold should more than cover the valuation.

"The loss on rice supplied to the coolies was Taels 2,402.93 or more than double the loss suffered during the previous year. This loss will continue until such time as the price of foodstuffs comes down again to nearer the normal figure.

"The balance transferred to profit and loss account is Taels 147,009.01 as against Taels 76,033.28 last year. To illustrate how the accounts have been adversely affected by the high rate of exchange ruling, I may state that the equivalents of these two sums in Straits currency are $400,107 and $155,170 respectively.

"Profit and loss account has been debited with the debenture interest, the usual fees and with the Straits Settlements war tax. Owing to the small profit made last year, this latter item, being calculated on a percentage basis, is much smaller than that paid during the previous year.

"The entries in the balance sheet are, I think, quite straight-forward; capital expenditure has been fully explained in the report.

"The overdraft in Shanghai has been paid off since the end of the year and the money that was then in London, has been brought out, at rates of exchange that have enabled us to receive Taels 9,090 more than the equivalent shown in the accounts.

"The financial position of the Company at the end of the year was that the liquid assets exceeded the liquid liabilities by Taels 129,295. If you approve of the appropriations suggested by your directors, it will be necessary to deduct the amount of the dividend and the manager's bonus from this sum, which will leave a net surplus of Taels 54,835, represented either by cash or stocks of rubber. The unappropriated profits amount to Taels 34,473 so that the company will have in hand the sum of Taels 20,362 with which to meet the capital expenditure for the current year.

"Your directors wish again to record their high appreciation of the very efficient services rendered by the manager and his staff, as well as by the Malacca agents and our best thanks are due to them for the manner in which they have carried out their arduous duties, the result of which is disclosed by the very excellent report now before you.

"Mr. McKenzie leaves for home on a well earned holiday in a few days and I am sure you will all join with me in wishing him a most enjoyable time in the old country.

"That is all I have to say, gentlemen, but if there are any questions that you would like to ask I shall be pleased to answer them to the best of my ability."

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, June 2.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, June 2:

Rice cleaned: Saigon	295
Green Peas: Japan	155
Potato Starch	150

Le Havre, June 1:

Cotton, First quality	625
Cotton, Second quality	632
Cotton, Third quality	612

Lyons, June 2:

Raw Silks:	
Cevennes	280
Italy	320
Syria	250
Japan	250
China	320
Canton	240

IF YOUR WIRE SCREENS ARE RUSTING, PAINT WITH WIRE SCREEN ENAMEL. SEE FEARON, DANIEL @ CO., INC.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week onded June 2, 1920, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1920	1919
Gross receipts	$49,055.68	$43,110.00
Loss by currency depreciation	12,870.51	10,808.05
Effective receipts	$36,185.17	$32,301.95
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	27.55	26.17
Car miles run	93,569	90,131
Passengers carried	2,187,253	1,987,778

Freight Market

Messrs. Wheelock and Co., write as follows in their report dated June 3:

The situation in our Outward Freight markets is as follows:

To United Kingdom and Continent:—Owing to stagnation of the markets in the United Kingdom and on the Continent this berth has been very flat and exports to Europe are practically "nil":—if it were not for some rather heavy shipments of flour and beans to Port Said there would be nothing offering.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, June 2.—Exchange quotations:

London	50.21
New York	12.73
Italy	75.45
Rumaina	28.50
Switzerland	232.50
French War Loans:	
3 percent	59.50
4 percent 1917	70.80
4 percent 1918	71.45
5 percent 1920	101.20

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THE MANAGEMENT.

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Agree On Higher Pay Rates For Army And Navy Officers

Washington, April 26.—Reaching a complete agreement on the Army and Navy Pay bill, House and Senate conferees today decided on increases to be given to officers.

First Lieutenants, Lieutenant Colonels and Colonels in the army and Lieutenants, junior grade, Commanders and Captains in the navy will receive an increase of $600 annually; Majors and Lieutenant Commanders, $840; Captains in the army and Lieutenants, senior grade, in the navy, $720, and Second Lieutenants and Ensigns $420. The increases will be retroactive to Jan. 1 last and will remain in effect until June 30, 1922.

An amendment was also agreed upon continuing for the present the commutations for quarters allowed during the war to commissioned officers whether on service at home or away.

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases
is now removed to
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Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
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3rd Floor

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2715.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL 6 PER CENT. STERLING LOAN, 1920.

Amount £750,000

Price of Issue £100 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution VII passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for Bearer Debentures (with coupons attached) in the 6 percent Sterling Loan of 1920, which is issued on the following terms:—

(1) Debentures to Bearer, with Sterling interest coupons attached, will be issued at £100 percent in denominations of £1,000, £500, £100 and £50.

(2) The Debentures of this issue will bear interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum, payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year by sterling demand draft on London at par, or in silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's Shanghai current demand buying rate on London on date of presentation of the relative coupon. The first payment of interest will be made on December 31, 1920.

(3) Applications, accompanied by payment in full, will be received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, No. 12 The Bund, on and after May 1, up to and including June 30, 1920, the Council reserving to itself the right of closing the subscription lists on any day previous to June 30, 1920, by Notification in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai.

(4) Payment on application will be accepted in Silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's current selling T.T. rate on London and will bear interest from date of payment, or in Sterling by T.T. or Demand Draft on London. Interest on payments made in Sterling will only accrue from the date on which the relative remittances are received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, London.

The cost of all telegrams involved through payment by Sterling T.T. shall be paid by the applicant.

Payment will be acknowledged by Banker's Receipt pending issue of the Debentures.

In the event of any applicant not being allotted the full amount applied for, the amount overapplied for will be repaid in full, plus interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum from the date payment was received in Shanghai or London to the due date of repayment in Shanghai, as notified to the applicant by special notice from the Council.

(5) The Loan will be redeemed at par on June 30, 1950, but may be redeemed by the Council in whole or in part on June 30, 1930, and/or on any subsequent date or dates on which the half-yearly interest is payable, subject to the Council giving six calendar months' notice in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai. In the event of any partial redemption of the loan the numbers of the Debentures to be redeemed will be decided by drawing. The numbers of such drawn Debentures will be notified in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai not less than three months prior to the date of repayment.

Application forms can be obtained on and after May 1, from the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, No. 12 The Bund, or from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 29, 1920.

29939

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29129

Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association

Mixed Doubles Championship

Entries for the above must be sent in to the undersigned on or before the 4th June. No. entry will be accepted unless accompanied by the entrance fee of $5.

A. H. GEORGE,
Hon. Secretary.
c/o British Consulate-General,
Shanghai.

29857

Municipal Notification

No. 2702

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1920

Price of Issue until further notice 92½ per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1920.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 92½ per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1930.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls 1,000, Tls 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the conveniences of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 15, 1920.

29857

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6% NATIONAL LOAN OF THE FIRST YEAR OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

PAYMENT OF THIRTEENTH COUPON.

The public is hereby notified that the Thirteenth Coupon of 6% National Loan of the First Year of the Republic of China falls due on June 1st 1920. In Nanking, Hankow and Kiangsi, the coupons will be cashed only by the offices of the Bank of China, but in Shanghai and Peking, both the offices of the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications will cash these coupons. Numbers of payable coupons have also been sent to the offices of the above Banks for their reference.

THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE.
Peking, May 20, 1920.

29884

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 4, 1920

WEATHER

The typhoon threatens Ballingtang Channel and Formosa. Northerly winds and rough weather South of the Formosa Strait. Variable breezes, hot weather, and local thunder showers along our coasts.

Mr. J. O. P. Bland's Conclusions

ONE outstanding and impressive thought which is constantly reverted to in the series of articles in The London Times from the pen of Mr. J. O. P. Bland is that both the Peking and Tokio governments have got to be reformed and taken out of the hands of the militarists before there can be any real hope of permanent peace and security in the Far East. And in considering these conclusions it must be borne in mind that Mr. Bland in reaching them was dealing expressly with the advisability of a renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

In his first article, right at the beginning, he fixed his text by saying: "No good purpose can be served by shutting one's eyes to the fact that a good many things have been done in China by the Japanese Government or its agents during the past six years which can in no way be reconciled with the spirit or letter of the alliance."

If this is true, why should Great Britain renew the alliance at all? And inasmuch as the alliance has failed to protect China and has been shoved to one side by Japan whenever it was to her interest, of what good is it to China? And isn't China fully justified in taking the stand which she has just taken—that announcing that she will not recognise any clauses in the new alliance unless they shall first be submitted to her and her consent obtained?

Mr. Bland next emphasises that the main purpose of the Alliance was "to protect and preserve the integrity and independence of China and maintain in China the principle of the Open Door," and demands that these things "must be emphasised and safeguarded or the new alliance will not only be useless from the British standpoint but will be a certain source of trouble in the future."

How, may we ask, and also may China ask, is any new alliance going to accomplish these things, when the earlier alliances have failed to do so?

What Mr. Bland really is calling for is foreign intervention—and perhaps it is for this reason that the Peking Government has shown such a sudden and sensational stiffening of front. Mr. Bland says: "There can be no hope of permanently preserving the integrity and independence of China unless immediate steps are taken to establish and maintain at Peking a Central Government with authority (by which he means power) sufficient to enable it to collect adequate revenues from the provinces." He then says that such a government cannot be established without foreign intervention. "The armies of the Tuchuns must be disbanded and the Tuchuns replaced by civil governors directly responsible to Peking."

Is it to be the purpose of the new Anglo-Japanese Alliance to do this for China? Not precisely, according to Mr. Bland, but he sees in the negotiations for a renewal of the alliance a good opportunity for coming to some such an agreement, providing the powers concerned (it is not clear if he means all the great powers, or merely Britain and Japan, but he specifically mentions Japan, saying "especially Japan.") agree to "pursue a common policy of readjustment and reconstruction based upon a sincere desire to re-establish the economic stability and political independence of China."

Anyway, Mr. Bland manifests little hope in the new financial Consortium as a medium of reform and control in China and reaches the definite conclusion that foreign intervention, in some form or other, is the only solution. Thus his first article.

In his second one, he goes at the many-sided problem from a different angle. He still insists that the disbandment of the armies is a first essential to the restoration of order and good government. Then he says "Everything depends on the readiness of Japan, Great Britain and the United States loyally to co-operate in a common, self-denying policy of reconstruction."

Does he therein express the hope that the United States will join the Anglo-Japanese Alliance? Or does he mean that the United States merely will be expected loyally to support whatever Britain and Japan may agree upon as being best for China? Whichever it may be, we are inclined to think Mr. Bland will be disappointed in the action of the United States. We do not think that the United States is in favor of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

In this second article Mr. Bland again takes up the question of the new Consortium. He says that it should present "a united front" and "a clear cut policy" and that it should make no loans except on condition of final disbandment of the Chinese army. However it is to be consummated, whether by the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, supported by the United States, or by the Consortium, to which the strength of France would be added, the *sine qua non* is the shelving of the tuchuns and dissolution of their armies.

In his third article, the writer turns his attention to the situation in Japan. "Next to the demoralisation of the Chinese Government, the continued exercise of irresponsible authority by the military parties in Tokio is the most important and the most dangerous factor in the Far Eastern situation today."

That would seem a strong enough indictment. But it does not satisfy Mr. Bland. He proceeds: "Unless the invisible and irresponsible powers behind the Throne, *which actually control Japan's foreign policy*, can be replaced soon by authoritative Cabinet Government there can be no real hope of satisfactory results from a renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance."

The italics are ours but the language is Mr. Bland's, and he is talking about the Government of Japan which is Great Britain's ally. Therefore we are safe in assuming that he is putting the matter mildly and politely. Yet he is forced to say that Japan's foreign policy is in the control of Invisible and Irresponsible powers behind the throne, and that the Cabinet and Diet are without power.

Now this being established, we put this question: With what part of the Japanese Government is the British Government going to negotiate? Is it going to deal with and accept the word of a Cabinet responsible to a Diet or is it going to deal with the Invisible and Irresponsible military powers behind the Throne which actually control the foreign policy of Japan? It has gone into two alliances with Japan which have been, according to Mr. Bland's testimony, violated at will by the Invisibles and Irresponsibles. It made these alliances after negotiations with the visible Japanese Government. And they did not pan out very well. In the light of these facts is Britain prepared to enter upon a new agreement which is offensive to her own dominions, and to enter upon it with the Visibles? Or shall she insist on having the Invisibles brought forth into the light?

Mr. Bland says that if Japan decides to follow her present path of aggression in China (why should Great Britain make an Alliance with a nation that under the present Anglo-Japanese Alliance is following a path of aggression in China?) then she must go forward alone, but if not, she must give valid assurances that the declared policy of her government will henceforth be binding upon her military as well as her civil agents.

Who is to give these valid assurances—the Invisibles who actually control Japan's foreign policy?

In his concluding article, Mr. Bland says that it is impossible for the world to take Japanese Liberalism seriously so long as the direction of Japan's foreign policy rests with the General Staff. General Staff then is the name under which the Invisibles and the Irresponsibles masquerade.

On the whole Mr. Bland whips the devil 'round the stump in pretty lively fashion. But consciously or unconsciously he arrives at certain conclusions. One is that foreign intervention is necessary in China. Another is that the Tokio Government is as militaristic and irresponsible as the Peking Government. The logical answer to this is that foreign intervention is as necessary in Tokio as it is in Peking. Another way of looking at it would be to assume that Britain might just as well enter upon an alliance with China to throttle the Tokio militarists who are oppressing the Japanese people. So far as the two governments are concerned there is no difference.

Militarily, however, there is a vast difference, and therein reposes the reason why the alliance is to be made with Japan instead of China. However much we may paraffine and cold cream these alliances the stern and wrinkled visage of war will still show through them. Great Britain has an alliance with France to dominate Europe and she has one with Japan to dominate the Far East.

Great Britain also once had a policy of "splendid isolation" which she followed with profit until the growing power of Germany made the abandonment of that policy advisable. The United States right now is casting about for a policy. "Splendid isolation" seems to have the upper hand at the moment, as the general understanding of the great war from the American and the Allied standpoint was that it was being fought to end military alliances and thus to end war.

WHITE AND RED

There exists in New York a group of young lawyers and brokers and bankers every member of which is plunged in gloom.

Fortune has smiled upon every one of them, but they are in despair.

The last year has been the most successful in their business history, but their grouches are colossal.

Because, you see, Mme. Delaplaine is about to abandon them. Madame is their French laundress: peerless, they one and all aver, absolutely peerless. For many years she has given to their shirts a whiteness unrivaled; she has made their collars shine so brightly that they look like misplaced haloes. And now the poor men must intrust their linen to somebody else!

Mme. Delaplaine is going back to her native France. She has lived in New York forty years, until it seemed that France must be to her merely a dim memory, shorn of the power to drag her again across th ocean. Yet—back she must go! In vain lawyers and bankers and brokers, singly and collectively, calmly and passionately, have argued with her.

"I will pay you half as much again as I now do for my laundry," a despairing lawyer told her.

"No!"

"I will pay you double what I'm paying," said a broker.

"No!"

"I will pay you triple."

"No!"

And she clinches each knell-like refusal with the why and wherefore of her revolutionary resolve:

"All my life I have had wine every day with my meals. In America for forty years I have had wine every day with my meals. Now in America I cannot get it. In France I can get it. So I return to France—tout de suite! Sorry, Monsieur, Adieu!"

Break It Gently

Rich Uncle (to his physician)—So you think there is hope for me?

"Not only that, but I can assure you that you are out of danger."

"Very well, I wish you would inform my nephew; but break the news gently to him."

America And The British Empire :-: By Walford D. Green

(Continued from Yesterday)

The second charge against the Empire is that the seas are 'dominated,' that we are supreme at sea as we have never been before. It is doubtful if the latter statement is historically accurate, especially when we remember the openly expressed policy of the ambitious naval school in America. But in what injurious way have the seas ever been 'dominated' by the British Navy? Is there a single stretch of water on the globe from which the ships of other nations have been excluded? Is there a single commercial port in which owing to their naval power the British have claimed preferential rights? Mr. Dickinson urges that "the English must learn to entertain the idea of pooling their territorial and economic assets." But surely both as to the use of naval power and the policy of free-trade the Empire has been the most liberal known to history. It is difficult to see how territorial assets can be pooled except in the sense that men of all nations are permitted to own land in all possessions, and that has been the British policy, and certainly economic assets are pooled when equal trading privileges are given to all foreigners. It is true that we have seized many coaling stations and strategical posts, which give us enormous advaatages in war, but these posts are guardians of the lines of communication within the Empire, and if an oversea Commonwealth is permitted to exist at all it must be permitted to protect its communications. The ideal of an international naval force policing the seas is not to be ruled out, if and when the whole world is included in the League, and national navies may disappear when national armies have gone. But till those conditions are fulfilled the British Navy is a plain necessity to us. To the foreigner it must have seemed to be a danger that the Navy might at any moment have been used for sudden aggression, but it never was so used, and there is certainly less risk now that the Empire has signed the Covenant and is pledged to submit all matters of dispute to arbitration or inquiry, and not to resort to war until three months after the award. It has not been sufficiently noticed in this country that this pledge is a more serious restraint on a naval than on a military Power, since the essence of naval warfare is instant action, for blockade or for capturing enemy ships, the moment hostilities become imminent. The fact that the British Empire has voluntarily taken this restraining pledge ought especially to be an evidence of good faith to Americans, who are so chary about taking any pledge for themselves.

Sceptical people may say, What is the value of any pledge when one naval Power is so much stronger than any other? Well, the whole League system will be built on pledges, and the Empire has at least a claim to be trusted by the other nations whom it is called upon to trust. Many advocates of the League are curiously inconsistent in their estimate of national characteristics. Mr. Dickinson, for instance, when he surveys the actions of the Allies since the peace can see nothing but original sin. Even the newly born nations 'have been mostly engaged in endeavoring to enforce unjust claims by illegitimate war.' But when he is considering the future world he becomes the most sanguine of men and sincerely believes that the character of whole peoples will be changed. No revivalist preacher of the old school ever painted sin in darker colors, or more confidently proclaimed that conversion will change the sinner into a saint.

As for the charge that British power overshadows the globe it is more rhetorical than substantial. It is merely a gloomy way of describing the Empire on which the sun never sets. If seriously considered it can only be true if the self-governing Dominions are taken as a part of the baleful Empire, as without them the shadow of the Empire falls on a very small section of the globe. No sane man can argue that there is anything more detrimental to mankind at large in the union that exists between New Zealand and Great Britain than in the union between Texas and Maine. Opinions may differ as to the merits and necessity of British government in the East or over other races, but there can be no two opinions as to the right of free nations like the Dominions to be united as they please. It was General Smuts who described the League of Nations as "the British Empire writ large," and the association of free self-governing peoples has, by its blending of autonomies with common action for common purposes, set an example to mankind.

It seemed more politic to take the case against the British Empire from one of our own writers rather than from similar pronouncements in America. The American Press, or parts of it, has been full of arguments like Mr. Dickinson's, much more virulently but not more weightily expressed. Nothing is to be gained by reproducing them in their native form, provided that we know that they are being used and are prepared to consider them on their merits. We may summarise our answer to American suspicions and jealousies: 'We believe that in the new order of things American influence is an essential element, and that American power and wealth are valuable to the world at large because they will enable American influence to be widely and effectively used. Equally we believe that the special and peculiar powers which the course of history has conferred on the British Empire, on France, Italy, Japan and other great nations, are essential to the world at the present stage, and that without their exercise the League of Nations could not avert anarchy and distress in many regions. We have given an earnest of good faith by signing the Covenant which involves a serious obligation, and restricts especially the British naval force. But we do not believe that the benefits promised by the League to mankind can be attained if America remains outside. We ask you to quit your splendid isolation, and to co-operate in a sincere effort to set the relations of men on an honest and human basis.'

There remains the serious possibility that the United States will choose isolation, will reject as untrustworthy the talk of ideals, and will say to her recent allies 'Go on your own way, we will watch your struggles and criticise your failures, choosing our own path and carefully avoiding all obligations.' This policy makes a strong appeal to Americans, who are always immersed in their own affairs and do not like complications and problems which yield to no quick and short-cut solutions. 'We are no longer provincials,' said President Wilson. But one of the shrewdest American observers said the other day 'We are a nation of villagers,' and there is much truth in the saying. To the rest of the World American isolation cannot be a merely negative fact: it is a positive fact of supreme importance and will react on the policies of all the Great Powers. Its first consequence will probably be the big American navy. Mr. Daniels—who thought it wise to warn Admiral Sims that he might be fighting the British and not the Germans—appears before Congress and recommends a large naval program "if the Peace Treaty is not ratified this session." That may be for the moment a move in the party game, but anyone who has been in the States recently knows that there is a very strong feeling in very influential quarters in favor of a great navy as well as of a great mercantile marine. If America starts a big new program, the hope of general disarmament disappears, and a rivalry of infinite danger will begin.

Consider the effect on popular feeling and pride if the richest nation in the world should find itself apart from the main current of world-politics, conscious of its power, yet inevitably reminded that by its own choice it has no right to intrude advice. For the moment America may be utterly disgusted with European affairs, but she will soon find that her interests, and her feelings, are directly affected, and even if she decides for isolation she will not agree to be impotent. She has learned her power and the measure of her resources, and it is by no means certain that the American democracy will not be attracted by an active foreign policy in some regions of the world. The people of the States tasted the sweets of victory and suffered few of the hardships of war. Their casualties were small, their food shortage not more than a trifling inconvenience, and they had no air-raids. All that has taught so bitterly the civilian population of Enrope the curses of war was spared them, and, although they have a noble record of peace and of unaggressive policy, yet it may be they will go through a phase of militancy, as all the great peoples of history have done. If so, the rest of the world must look out for squalls. We need not think of this as anything but a possibility, and we may fairly hope that no such dread hurricanes may disturb the international atmosphere. Nevertheless out of the present amazing chaos in American politics something new and strange will arise. Who can tell in what direction the people will be led by the reaction against Wilsonism? Perhaps away from all idealism and towards a cynical *real-Politik*. In any case we may be sure that the Americans will see that the next President will not say one thing while the people mean another, and they will be inclined to insist that when the President and people mean the same thing, that thing must be accepted as law. From that frame of mind a high authoritative policy is very likely to proceed.

Even if the States decide for isolation, for the game of the 'lone leviathan,' it will be impossible for the chief Power in the New World to pursue a policy of aloofness and avoidance towards the British Empire. These are too many points of contact. Look at a map of the Pacific Ocean, which is destined to play a greater and greater part as time goes on. The great coast-line on the north-east is divided between the Empire and the States, the smaller islands are mostly British; on the west are Russians, Chinese, Dutch, the American Philippines, and the independent and progressive British Dominions of Australasia. In addition the States exercise over all South America the quasi-Protectorate based on the Monroe doctrine. Fortunately there is no territorial question likely to cause war in the Pacific, but in the near future it will be the highway of a rapidly growing international trade, and on the west side will be the millions and cheap labor of China and Japan. High tariffs may cause friction, but the danger is in the racial question. No conversation amongst white men on any coast of the Pacific will go on for long without a reference to the Japanese and their ambitions. Everyone acknowledges their astuteness and ability, but few will concede them any ideal morality. Americans especially regard the steady advance of Japan with foreboding and jealousy, and no doubt a part of the antipathy to the League of Nations is due to this distrust. They are already making a strong post of Honolulu, which they call the Malta of the Pacific. The question of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance will be a crucial one for future relations between Americans and Britons. It was one of the most far-sighted moves in British policy during the late era, but as Great Britain and Japan have both signed the Covenant it is doubtful whether it will be necessary to renew it. Japan has an overflowing population and really needs to find countries where her people may migrate, but on this matter Canada and Australia are as adamant as the States. Logically the League ought to adopt the principle that there shall be no racial discrimination in the immigration laws of nations; in practice it probably will not insist on that ideal. If it does, the British Dominions will unhesitatingly side with the States, even if the Mother Country should, under the influence of enthusiasm, adopt the principle of equal opportunities for all races. We may even see the States rejoicing that Canada and Australia and New Zealand and South Africa have votes in the League, a provision which is now so jealously and unreasonably opposed.

It is, indeed, a matter of grave import to the future relations between the Empire and the States that the Dominions have received international recognition of their full nationhood. The treaty-making power and the right to a separate foreign policy are conferred by implication, and it is significant that this aspect of the new situation created by the Covenant has recently been noted by a leading Australian and by a well-known Canadian. Sir Charles Wade sets out the questions that arise.

What is the status of the Dominions in respect of the foreign policy generally of the British Parliament? Is the foreign policy in any practical instance of the British Government to bind the Dominions if their Ministers have not been consulted? What is to be the position if the Dominions are opposed to the opinion of the British Foreign Office? Are they not already independent nations in all but name, and can a contrary view stand through the strain of a practical test?"

In Canada there has been much discussion occasioned by Lord Jellicoe's visit. Mr. John S. Ewart, K. C., has been urging the independence of Canada in naval and foreign policy, and he takes the Japanese question as an example: 'While the United States may be safely counted upon to concur with us in the policy of exclusion, we may be sure that the British Fleet will never support us in that respect.' Further he says in a speech which certainly goes far beyond the average opinion in Canada:

"I desire that Canadians, and none but Canadians, shall determine what Canada's foreign policy shall be; that Canadians, and none other but Canadians, shall determine whether we shall be involved in war or not; that Canadian soldiers shall always be Canadian soldiers, and the Canadian Navy shall always be the Canadian Navy, and under Canadian control, wherever and what time so ever it may find itself: that from now, henceforth and for ever, Imperialist centralisation in London shall not be tolerated in Canada."

No one in England will fear the advance of the Dominions in power and independence. We trust the common sentiments of race rather than any political forms for the future unity of the Empire. But as the Dominions grow to be great nations they will be forced to form policies of their own. For this article the point to be emphasised is that if America and Great Britain are estranged there will be for the independent Dominions two centers of gravity in the New

(Continued on Page 13)

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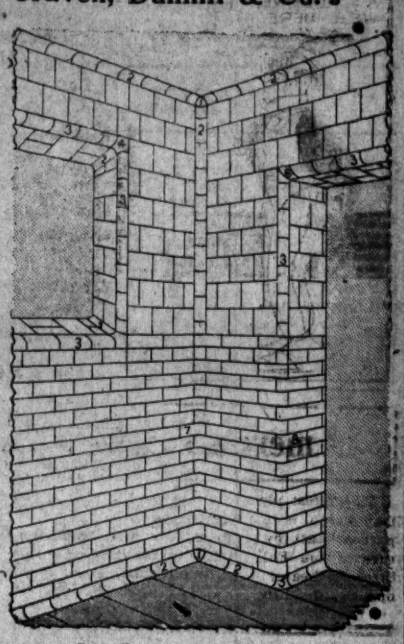

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

YOU SENT FER A DETECTIVE- WELL HERE I BE.
THE FELLER YOU PASSED IN THE HALL IS THE MAN I WANT YOU TO WATCH-
I THOUGHT THAT BE THE FELLER SO I WALKED UP CLOSE TO HIM TO GIT A GOOD LOOK AT HIS FEATURES
I DON'T WANT HIM PINCHED AS HE IS MY WIFE'S BROTHER
I UNDERSTAND IF I CATCH HIM UP TO ANY TRICKERY I'M TO REPORT TO YOU
JUST WATCH HIM AN' NOTE THE TIME HE GOES OUT AN RETURNS
BY JERRY!!! MY WATCH IS GONE!
GEO MCMANUS
1-5
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America's Oldest Playhouse

The oldest playhouse in America, which is to be replaced in part at least by a modern structure in the Fall, is the Walnut Street Theater in Philadelphia, opened in 1809. It has never missed a season in these 111 years.

Edwin Forrest made his first regular appearance here at the age of 14, getting his first start through the influential backing of Colonel John Swift, at one time mayor of Philadelphia. The play in which Forrest appeared was "Douglas" and in the cast were Wheatley, Mrs. Williams, Joe Jefferson's grandmother, and Warren and Wood, managers of the theater and of the stock company. Warren and Wood considered themselves very unfortunate in the cast of novices they had to deal with, and were greatly surprised when Forrest acquitted himself so well that the public expressed a desire for the play's repetition.

The English tragedian, Edmund Kean, appeared at the Walnut in 1821. During the sixteen nights of his engagement the receipts ran as high as $1,379, only once falling below $650. In those days this was considered a prodigious sum in theatrical circles.

When Mrs. John Drew, then Miss Louise Lane, was seven years old she made her debut at the Walnut, playing the part of one of the little princes in "Richard III." The star was Junius Brutus Booth, father of the more celebrated Edwin Booth. A few years later Thomas Althrope Cooper, an English actor well known to the American public, gave his last performance in this country at the Walnut Street Theater.

In 1842, as a counter-attraction to another Philadelphia theater, the Walnut's first "actress-manager," and one of the first in America, was introduced to the public in the person of Charlotte Cushman. During her brief career as a manager Miss Cushman appeared in the part of Romeo, her sister Susan playing Juliet.

The French actress, Rachel, appeared at the Walnut Street Theater with her company in 1855. The theater was unheated and Rachel caught a severe cold, which caused her absence from the company for the rest of the season and resulted later in her death from tuberculosis.

A unique performance in theatrical annals was staged at the Walnut about half century ago, when the elder Sothern and John Sleeper Clarke were both filling engagements in Philadelphia. "The American Cousin" was at the height of its popularity, and Sothern had achieved fame with his impersonation of the character "Lord Dundreary," a part which originally had only forty-seven lines, but which Sothern made so attractive that later the whole play was built around it. The Walnut Street Theater was six blocks away from the Arch Street Theater, and at a given time during the play Sothern and Clarke each left his theater, and drove around to the other's, appearing there on the stage in his part. The affair was of course widely advertised, and each theater was completely sold out in the eagerness of Philadelphians to see famous comedians appear in different theaters on the same evening. Clarke and his brother-in-law, Edwin Booth owned the Walnut Street Theater for a number of years.

Lawrence Barrett, Joseph Jefferson and Sir Charles Wyndham are among the latter day celebrities who played at this theater, but recently musical comedies and farce have held sway there. The present intention of the owners is to move the theater back slightly from the street, rebuild it entirely inside and open it next October with high-class attractions. The original walls will be left, so that one of the country's landmarks will not be actually demolished but perpetuated instead in a more modern form.

Back Home

Leffingwell W. Pooch ran a little nickel nursery which was known as a bank. He was the eight percent friend of a good many farmers around our village. He lived in a large white house on the hill and he didn't think any more of a dime than he did of his right leg.

His family was the first in the village to delve into the mysteries of ripe olives and grape fruit, and his home was the social center, being the only one that had a three-legged piano in the parlor and a pair of iron dogs in the front yard.

Mr. Pooch was by all means our most distinguished citizen. He was, by way of speaking, honored and respected by all, for those who didn't owe him money didn't know how soon they might. He was the politest man in the world when it came to foreclosing a mortgage on a widow's farm, and he never walked off with anybody's cook stove if there was a fire in it or if it was too heavy for him to carry.

During many years in business he accumulated a colossal fortune amounting to $50,000, which was not to be sneezed at in those primitive days. At all public meetings Mr. Pooch had to be called upon first so as to point the way for all the others.

When a celebrity came to town to deliver a lecture Mr. Pooch sat on the stage and toyed with his gold watch chain, which was the largest in our village.

Mr. Pooch's business activities were numerous. He was president of the Squawtucket and Pacific Coast Railroad, which ran as far as the county seat, nine miles away, and then got discouraged and quit, thereby allowing the Pacific Coast to look out for itself.

He was a great philanthropist. He would listen politely to all appeals for aid and never turn a hair, or a dollar. If Mr. Pooch had a ham sandwich with mustard on it and some man was starving Mr. Pooch would give him the mustard.

Still, he was our most distinguished citizen and we all looked up to him. We had to, if we looked at all, because he lived on the hill.

Finally, in the course of human events, Mr. Pooch had to leave us. The bank was closed and, as was customary in those days, a neatly painted sign was placed on the front window of the institution. It contained a hand pointing upward and read: "He has gone above."

And then some darned fool came along and added the word:

"PERHAPS."

A Friendly Request

He was subject to fainting spells and before starting out he wrote this note, which he pinned to his shirt:

"To the Doctor: If I fall on the street and am taken to the hospital do not operate. My appendix has been removed twice already."

The Men Again!

After starting for his work the other morning Taylor happened to think of something he had forgotten, and returned to the house to get it.

While walking about the kitchen he heard a great racket upstairs. Considerably alarmed, he called:

"What in the world is the matter, Mary? Has anything happened?"

There was a moment's silence, then the lady replied:

"Oh, is that you?"

"Yes. Who did you think it was?"

"I heard someone walking down there, and I thought it was a burglar."

"But the noise——"

"I was making a lot of noise so that he would think there was a man in the house."

GERMANY'S JOB IN RUSSIA

Easier Than Ours, Says Mr. Bullard, Because Only to Make Trouble

"Germany's job in Russia was easier than ours," says Arthur Bullard in "The Russian Pendulum" (Macmillan.) "What we needed was constructive, orderly upbuilding. All the Germans needed was disorder. It was child's play to make trouble."

Divided counsels fomented trouble. "If the Entente had wished to accomplish anything they should have sent some diplomatic Foch to unify action." There was confusion. The French took the straight military view of the situation. "The British Embassy was officially against the Bolsheviki," but London had sent out a former Consul-General, named Lockmant, with instructions to flirt with Lenin and Trotsky." In general, "the British seemed to take the social point of view." They knew intimately the old regime and sympathised with it, but "were not so bent as the French on making war on the Soviet leaders. They were contented to cut them dead." We were as badly divided; and each nation's group, including special missions, Red Cross workers, &c., was at odds within itself. "It would have been better to roll dice to decide" on a policy—and follow the bones! Here Mr. Bullard is manifestly right.

Qualified for the task by employment both in Russia and Siberia with the American propaganda service, Mr. Bullard had business relations with printers, paper makers, engravers, interpreters, freight handlers and others, seeing thus a cross-section of Russian life. Like all observers he found the Bolshevists shameless liars on principle. Anything to win. Thus plain Dave Francis of Missouri, our Ambassador, was "knighted" in their press to make him odious to revolutionists. The Bolshevist papers—the only ones permitted—constantly referred to "Sir George (Buchanan, the British Ambassador) and Sir Francis."

Siberia Mr. Bullard found—writing some months ago—badly split up between Kolchak the Mugwump, Vologodski, the democrat, Horvath the autocrat, Ivanov-Rinov the martinet, Semenoff the bandit, the Ufa Government, which was but a name and good-will; Chinese, Japanese, Americans Czecho-Slovaks—a welter of conflicting opinion, which goes far to explain the debacle that followed.

Mr. Bullard is inclined to think our troops in Siberia did on the whole more good than harm; including Red Cross and railroad services in his commendation. Indeed, he safely predicts that the historian of the future will pronounce the net results of the revolution good—Bolshevism being but one phase of it—as historians now praise the net results of the French Revolution—the Terror, even Napoleon, being passing phases of a movement which left colossal benefits. The one colossal benefit in Russia is that the land will go to the men who till it, as happened in France. For the present they do not till it—not because they are not sure of owning it, but because they are not sure of owning the crop against armed requisition; and Russia starves, in many regions within easy reach of rich and spacious lands.

For the humors of a ghastly tragedy Mr. Bullard has an eye. When some raw deal is put over in the Central Soviet, homing delegates who have been in New York yell "Charlie Murphy." The writer is, in short, a political philosopher. His book is one of the clearest, calmest and most informative of the many that have been printed upon this vexed subject.

Correct

Definition of a boarding house strawberry shortcake:

A circular solid, every point in whose perimeter is equidistant from the strawberry.

America And The British Empire

(Continued from Page 12)

World instead of one. This moment in history, when we are full of gratitude for the part which the Dominions elected to take side by side with England in the War, is not the one when we need fear any drift away, but geographical and economic forces are factors in the life of all peoples, and there is no more cogent reason for friendliness with America than the possible consequences among the new nations of any enmity or estrangement. In Canada particularly the large immigration of farmers from the States, the revolt against protection and the revival of the plea for reciprocity which are noticeable among the farmers, and the sympathy with the States about Japan—which exists also in Australia—are facts that may have great influence in the future.

All the possibilities of finer relations between States are bound up with this question of American and British friendship. Without it the League of Nations will be vain and dangerous. It will not be secured by any cringing before the States. Independence and equality are the only terms on which the two people can speak with one another. From a practical point of view we must redeem our debt to America at the earliest possible moment, and if there is to be a capital levy of any sort let it be earmarked for that purpose. The Government is to be congratulated on its action in paying off the first debt that has fallen due. Above all do not let us attempt any official propaganda, which leaves the whole world tired and incredulous. We ought to set our faces against the folly and vulgarity of a venomous Press in both countries, and when Americans come to England this year to commemorate the Pilgrim Fathers we ought to show them that we realise how much we shall all gain by friendship and how much we shall lose by estrangement.

Caught

Mrs. Brown—Mrs. Jones has one very bad habit.

Mr. Brown—What is it, dear?

Mrs. Brown—She turns round and looks back every time we meet in the street.

Mr. Brown—How do you know she does?

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
TODAY							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	13.30	..	..	..	..	13.00
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Koonshing	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan & America via Moji	do	..	..	..	..	E20.00	19.30
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hankow	Loongwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
W'wei, C'foo and T'tsin	Tungchow	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Swatow, H'kong, C'ton	Yingchow	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Asia	..	*.	21.00	..	..	18.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	Holhow	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Holhow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Sunday, June 6							
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	E. of Asia	..	E8.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U. S. A., & Europe	E. of Asia	E8.00	..	..	..	..	..
H'kong, Straits, India and E'pe. via Suez	Kitano Maru	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via U. S. A.	*Nanking	..	E14.00	..	..	..	..
Monday, June 7							
Swatow and Hongkong	Hangsang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, June 8							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Shuntien	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30

*Specially marked.

B Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m. Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 3 p.m.

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June	2 —	Portland	Wawalona	Am. Adl. Line
June	2 —	Manila	West Eldara	Am. Adl. Line
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June	3 —	Wenchow	Hsean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Dairen	Tsenglee	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	A. H'kong, C'ton	Sinklang	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S.M.R. Co.
June	3 —	London, etc.	Teiresias	B. & S.
June	3 —	Chefoo, etc.	Shinfoo	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Vladivostok	Shinyue	Chi. L.V. Lang
June	3 —	Hongkong, Canton	Kwellin	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Chefoo, Tientsin	Chekiang	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.

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often become impaired through such indispositions as headache, toothache, rheumatism, gout, chills, etc.

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The corn pains cease as soon as a few drops of "Gets-It" reach the corn. It goes out of the hurting business forever.

For a day or so the corn remains, getting looser and looser and without a twinge from it. Then, it gets so loose that you just lift it right off, without even feeling it, and cast it away. That's how easily and simply "Gets-It" disposes of the corn nuisance.

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Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley, M.D.

36 Nanking Road, Tel. 1928

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Talee Maru**, Capt. S. Yasokawa will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung wharf on Friday, June 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Windelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, June 4, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Capt. C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, June 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain G. D. S. Mills, will leave on Saturday, June 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Saturday, June 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangyung**, Capt. C. Smith, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. CO.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnghan, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, June 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Laosho**, 2,868 Tons, Capt. Woodgatt, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, June 7, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Department.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Tuesday, June 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ichang**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, June 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, June 8, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Department.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. E. Edwardes, will leave on Friday, June 4, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Saturday at 2:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Yingchow**, Capt. A. V. Harrison, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 5, at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kashow**, Captain H. P. Carver, will leave on Sunday, June 6, at 4 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) Via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. N. Kamisawa will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on June 10, at ——. For Freight and Passage please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on June 18. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

DAIREN & NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Shansi**, Capt. H. Lewis, will leave on Friday, June 4, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agent Tel. No. 77.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chihli**, Captain J. M. Clare, will leave on Friday, June 4, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hangchow**, Capt. A. R. McBachran, will leave on Friday, June 4, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN Direct.—The Str. **Irene**, Captain N. McLean, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer **Tungchow** Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 5, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Saturday, June 5, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Capt. H. A. Walker, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday June 8, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN Via TSINGTAU.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on June 15. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA AND SEATTLE Calling at Victoria B. C. via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu & Yokohama.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's **Africa Maru**, Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on June 5. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

NEW YORK Via Japan Ports, San Francisco & Panama.—The Steamer **Alaska Maru**, Captain W. Miura, will be despatched from S'hai on June 6. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

VANCOUVER, B.C., via NAGASKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and VICTORIA, B.C.:—The R.M.S. **EMPRESS OF ASIA** will leave WOOSUNG on Sunday, June 6. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty with passengers and hand baggage only at 9 a.m. on Sunday. For Passage, apply to G. M. JACKSON, Palace Building, 19A Bund. Tel. C. 182. For Freight, apply to N. LEES SMITH, Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. Tel. C. 181.

Europe Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Post said, Marseilles, London, Antwerp Rotterdam and Hamburg.—The Str **Havre Maru**, Captain ——— will be despatched from Shangha on or about June 16 For Freigh please apply to THE OSAK SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Station	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
C. Q.	May 17	Elcano	Am. gun-boat
Yangtsze Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
Yangtsze Creeks	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
S.N.D.	May 22	Samar	Am. gun-boat
S. VIII	May 17	Suma	Jap. gun-boat
S.D.W.	May 2	Teal	Br. gun-boat
S.G.	May 17	Villalobos	Am. gun-boat
S.N.B.	May 29	Woodlark	Br. gun-boat

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 5	—	Tacoma, etc.,	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
June 6	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June 6	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June 9	—	San Francisco	Tancred	Am.	Dollar Co.
June 9	—	New Orleans	Lancaster	Am.	S. & Dix
June 9	—	Portland	West Keats	Am.	C. P. Co.
June 10	—	New York	Wytheville	Am.	Adl. Line
June 12	—	Vancouver	†Mongtengle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June 13	—	San Francisco	West Himrod	Am.	S. & Dix
June 15	—	Seattle	Stanley	Am.	A. T. Co.
June 17	—	Portland	West Jester	Am.	C. P. Co.
June 17	—	Baltimore	Canibas	Am.	S. & Dix
June 17	—	Vancouver, N. Y.	Bessie Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
June 18	—	Portland	West Jessup	Am.	C. P. Co.
July 18	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
June 19	—	Portland	West Navaria	Am.	C. P. Co.
June 19	—	San Francisco	†Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
June 19	—	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June 20	—	San Francisco	Hathaway	Am.	S. & Dix
June 20	—	San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
June 22	—	Baltimore	West Moreland	Am.	S. & Dix
June 22	—	New York	Toyooka Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June 22	—	San Francisco	†Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June 23	—	San Francisco	E. Merchant	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
June 25	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
June 30	—	Baltimore via Suez	West Mingo	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
June 30	—	New York	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
July 4	—	Baltimore v. P'ama	West Hembrie	Am.	S. & Dix.
July 11	—	Seattle, etc.	†Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 12	—	Seattle	Maquan	Am.	A. T. Co.
July 12	—	San Francisco	Archer	Am.	P.M.S.N. Co
July 14	—	Seattle	Arcturus	Am.	S. & Dix
July 17	—	San Francisco	†Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
July 21	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 24	—	San Francisco	West Harts	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 24	—	San Francisco	Higho	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 25	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 10	—	Vancouver	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Aug. 14	—	San Francisco	†Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. C

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June 4	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 5	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 7	—	Kobe	Awa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 7	—	Kobe	Kamo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 9	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 12	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 16	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 19	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

June 6	—	Scandinavia	Asia	Dan.	E. A. Co.
June 7	—	London	†Kitano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 9	—	Scandinavia	Siam	Dan.	E.A. Co.
June 10	—	London, Antwerp	Lt. de la Tour	Fr.	M. M. Cie.
June 10	—	Liverpool, etc.	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 10	—	Hamburg, etc.	Tsushima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 12	—	London, etc.	†Nellore	Br.	M.M. & Co.
June 14	—	Hamburg, etc.	Tsuruga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 15	—	Amsterdam, H'burg	Batjan	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
June 17	—	L., A'dam, H'burg	Helenus	Br.	B. & S.
June 19	—	Marseilles	†Porthos	Fr.	M. M. Cie
June 21	—	London, etc.	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June 24	—	Liverpool	Euryades	Br.	B. & S.
July 1	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July 1	—	L., A'dam, H'burg	Elpenor	Br.	B. & S.
July 8	—	Genoa, M'lles, L'pool	Talthybius	Br.	B. & S.
July 8	—	Havre, Liverpool	Orestes	Br.	B. & S.
July 11	—	Marseilles	†Amazone	Fr.	M. M. Cie
July 15	—	L., A'dam, A'wtrp	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	—	Genoa, Liverpool	Demodocus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 5	—	Havre & L'pool	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 19	—	Liverpool, etc.	Bellerophon	Br.	B. & S.
Sep. 16	—	G. M. & Liverpool	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June	4	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
June	4	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi N.S.S.N. Co.
June	5	noon	S'tow, H'kong, C.	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
June	5	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co
June	6	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Holhow	Br. B. & S.
June	8	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C.	Hangsang	Br. J. M. & Co
June	18	—	Manila, Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.O.S.
June	21	—	Hongkong	Katori Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June	26	—	Manila, Hongkong	Colombia	Am. P.M.S.S. Co

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June	4	11.00*	Antung	Chihli	Br. B. & S.
June	4	11.00*	Newchwang	Shansi	Br. B. & S.
June	4	10.00*	Dairen	Hangchow	Br. B. & S.
June	4	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br. J.M. & Co.
June	5	—	Tientsin	Irene	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June	5	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
June	5	noon	Tsingtau	Chenan	Br. B. & S.
June	6	noon	Antung	Hunan	Br. B. & S.
June	8	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.
June	10	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co
June	12	6.30*	T'tau & Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S. M. R. Co.

FOR RIVER PORTS

June	4	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June	4	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
June	4	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
June	5	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June	5	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.
June	6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	7	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June	7	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
June	7	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
June	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang M.	Jap. N.K.K.
June	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwanta	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
June	8	D.L.	Pukow	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
June	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br. J.M. & Co.
June	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
June	10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June	10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
June	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
June	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.

† CARRYING MAIL.
* A. M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT

Information For Mariners

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1920

High Water at Woosung Bar
(The night tides are higher than the day tides, they are about equal at 4 and 5 o'clock).
Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 3 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
1h. 36m.	7ft. 8in.	1h. 52m.	10ft. 0in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The night tides are higher than the day tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	A.M. M	P.M. H	P.M. M
0	36	0	50

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
8 53 p.m.	6 55 a.m.	4h. 58m.	6h. 58m.	4h. 13m.	7h. 43m.

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For June 29.73in.
750.1mm.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "TATUNG" ..... sails midnight, June 4th.
S.S. "CHUNKING" ..... sails midnight, June 5th.
S.S. "POYANG" ..... sails midnight, June 7th.
Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).
S.S. "TUNGCHOW" ..... sails June 5th, 10 a.m.
S.S. "SHUNTIEN" ..... sails June 8th, 3 p.m.
S.S. "FENGTIEN" ..... sails June 12th, 10 a.m.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "YINGCHOW" ..... (via Swatow) June 5th.
S.S. "ICHANG" ..... sails June 8th, direct.
S.S. "SUNNING" ..... (via Amoy) June 10th.
Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO.
S.S. "CHENAN" ..... sails June 5th.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ..... at 4.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
French Bund.

Tel. Nos:
Passengers: Central No. 401.
Freight: Central No. 77.

CP OS
ATLANTIC RESERVATIONS
URGENT
Passengers to Europe are strongly urged to determine exact date of Atlantic sailing desired, prior to departure from the Orient. Traffic conditions on the Atlantic are as congested as on the Pacific. Atlantic reservations can be arranged by cable or letter for all passengers to Europe. Frequent sailings Montreal to Liverpool, London and Glasgow. Passage orders issued here with reservations endorsed thereon

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SOLD

PACIFIC SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong	
Emp. of Asia	June 5	*Emp. of Russia	June 18
Monteagle	June 12	†Emp. of Japan	July 12
Emp. of Russia	July 3	*Emp. of Asia	July 16
Emp. of Japan	July 23	*Via Manila	
Emp. of Asia	July 31	† To Hongkong direct.	

Freight Office: Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai, Telephone, Central 181
Passenger Office: Palace Hotel 19 The Bund Shanghai, Telephone, Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR SEATTLE
S.S. "EDMORE" ..... June 11th
S.S. "ICONIUM" ..... June 23rd

FOR PORTLAND
S.S. "MONTAGUE" ..... June 20th

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U.S. and Canadian Overland Points. For Freight and Particulars apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE
JOHN J. GORMAN, General Agent
GEO. A. HEYBURN, Asst. Gen. Agent
Telegraphic Address: "ADMIRALINE."
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone Central 1471.

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO
AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Ecuador	June 19	S.S. Colombia	June 26
S.S. Colombia	July 17	S.S. Venezuela	July 24
S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 14	S.S. Ecuador	Aug. 21

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS

	Due at Shanghai	Leave for San Francisco
EASTERN MERCHANT	....	June 23
ARCHER	June 22	July 12

ROUND THE WORLD SERVICE
For Singapore, Colombo, Mediterranean Ports and Baltimore.

MONTHLY SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
WEST CONOB ..... June
WEST MINGO ..... June 30

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA

BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)
Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
SHINYO MARU ..... June 20, 1920
KOREA MARU ..... July 18, 1920

FOR HONGKONG
All steamers of this company are thoroughly modern and up to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transporation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings.
Telephone No. 3229.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Fast Passenger Service, Regular Sailings for
Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.
Next sailings:—
S.S. "PERSIA" about 15th July
* Carrying Passengers.
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS
Union Building Telephone Central 1693

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Sailings From Shanghai
SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
via Japan and Honolulu
S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 tons) ..... June 6
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 tons) ..... June 22
S. S. "CHINA" (10,200 tons) * ..... July 25
*Will not call Yokohama and Honolulu

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "CHINA" ..... July 12
S.S. "NANKING" ..... Aug. 9
S.S. "NILE" ..... Aug. 19

For further information regarding Passenger Fares, Sailings, Freight Rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, Agent.
Cable address "CHIMAIL" Phone "Central 4773"
Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, Marseilles, London and Antwerp:—

	Tons		
KITANO MARU	16,000	Capt. F. E. Cope,	June 7
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Seo,	June 21

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, and Hamburg via ports:—

TSURAGA MARU ..	15,000	Capt. B. Takano,	June 16
TSUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Capt. K. Teramoto,	June 30

For Marseilles and Liverpool via ports:—

TOKIWA MARU....	15,000	Capt. K. Shibuya,	June 13
AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Hirata,	July 15

AMERICAN LINE.

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, and Seattle:—

FUSHIMA MARU ..	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	June 19
KATORI MARU ...	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	July 11

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

TOYOOKA MARU ..	15,000	Capt. S. Shiratori,	June 22

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe).

KASUGA MARU ...	7,000	Capt. S. Iriye,	June 11
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yoshikawa,	June 19
KOKURA MARU	5,000	Capt. S. Ito,	June 22

FOR JAPAN.

AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Hirata,	June 7
KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. M. Nakamura,	June 7

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Shinohara,	June 5
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Kishimoto,	June 9
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. T. Kusano,	June 12
KUMANO MARU ...	9,500	Capt. T. Sasaki,	June 16

FOR HONGKONG.

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	June 21

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG.

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Aug. 26

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Manila).

TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. S. Nishimura,	June 23
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. J. Kusans,	July 21
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shibata,	Aug. 18

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO.

PUGET SOUND TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

SEATTLE-MANILA via SHANGHAI & HONGKONG

	WEST BOUND arrive Shanghai		EAST BOUND leave Shanghai	
STANLEY			June	15
MAQUAN	June	11	July	12
WEST IVAN	July	9	Aug.	10

Operated for account of UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD

For rates and particulars apply to

AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY
AGENTS
53 SZECHUEN ROAD Telephone Central 944

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON
Via Panama

S. S. "WYTHEVILLE"..... „ June 20

Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board

For rates and particulars apply to

THE BARBER S.S. LINES, INC.
THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471

STRUTHERS & DIXON
INCORPORATED

Amalgamated with
COSMOPOLITAN SHIPPING CO. NEW YORK — GREEN STAR LINE NEW YORK
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

Due INWARD Steamer	Date	Sailing OUTWARD Steamer	Date
		West Himrod*	June 13
Eastern Trader*	June 10	Hathaway*	June 20
Hathaway*	June 10	Arcturus†	July 14
Arcturus†	June 28		
Colorado Springs*	July 2	(If sufficient inducement offers)	

* San Francisco † Seattle

Through B/Ls issued to all Overland Points in U.S.A. and Canada

ATLANTIC & GULF PORTS VIA PANAMA SERVICE

Due INWARD		Sailing OUTWARD	
Canibas*	June 15	Canibas*	June 17
West Moreland*	June 20	West Moreland*	June 22
and Fortnightly		and Fortnightly	

* Baltimore † New Orleans

For rates, space or other particulars, apply to

EXECUTIVE OFFICE
FOR THE FAR EAST,
Shanghai, China.
EVERETT, Vice-Pres.
Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"

SHANGHAI OFFICE.
7, Jinkee Road,
Tel. Central 2557.
J. S. EMENS, Agent

Arrivals

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag Agents
June	3 —	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Foochow	Shingping	Chi. M. & Co.
June	3 —		Henrik	Br. A.P. Co.
June	3 —	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	San Francisco	West Conob	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
June	3 —	Japan	Miyaura Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
June	3 —	Manila	Africa Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
June	3 —		Ryusho Maru	Jap.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Tehhsing	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
June	3 —	Ningpo	Meinan	Am. Socony.
June	3 —		Schodack	
June	3 —	Liverpool	Helenus	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Tientsin	Mingshun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi. Customs

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP
viaHONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "NELLORE" June 14th
S.S. "KARMALA" June 25th
S.S. "LAHORE" July 7th
S.S. "DEVANHA" July 18th

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
DILWARA July 10th

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT FROM HONGKONG
S.S. "ARRATOON APCAR" sailing from Hongkong about 3rd June.
S.S. "JAPAN" sailing from Hongkong about 14th June

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" 21st July

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: General: Central 169
Passage: Central 2510
Freight: Central 2069

CHINA PACIFIC COMPANY

AGENTS FOR
Columbia Pacific Shipping Co.,
and
Sudden and Christenson.
Cargo Service between
Portland, Oregon and Shanghai, Tsingtao, Tientsin, and Dairen.

Sailings from China ports:—

S.S. WEST KEATS ..... about June 9th
S.S. WEST JESTER ..... about June 17th
S.S. WEST JESOUP ..... about June 18th
S.S. WEST NAVARIA .... about June 19th

Through bills of lading issued to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

For information as to freight rates, etc., apply to:—

C. L. Seitz,
General Agent
6 KIUKIANG ROAD. 4th FLOOR.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*HAVRE MARU ...	15,000	H. Saito,	June 11	June 13

This steamer will not call at Marseilles.

FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA, Japan ports, San Francisco, and Panama.

*ALASKA MARU ...	15,000	W. Miura,	June 4	June 6

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Victoria and Seattle) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

AFRICA MARU	18,000	H. Yamamoto,	June 3	June 5

FOR HONGKONG.

ARABIA MARU	18,000	T. Saito,	June 17	June 18

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao, and Dairen).

KOHOKU MARU	5,000	N. Tsubaki,	June 13	June 15

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao),

KEELUNG MARU ..	3,000	N. Kamizawa,	June 8	June 10

Those steamers marked* have no passenger accommodation.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Australia, India, Java China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235. Union Building, 4 The Bund.
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside, Tel. Nos. East 208, 209 & 212
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Dec.	6 —	Chinwangtao	Indigirka	Rus. R.V.F.
Jan.	21 —	Japan	Kizune maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Mar.	19 —	Japan	Kiyo Maru	Jap. Kaiyosha
Mar.	22 —		Chienan	Chi. W. & Co.
Apr.	14 —	.....	Palembang	Br. A.P. Co.
May	8 —	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus. R.V.F.
May	12 —	Japan	Naotetsu Maru	Jap.
May	15 —	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan. G.N.T. Co.
May	20 —	Port Wallut	Simferopol	Rus. R. V. F.
May	21 —	Hongkong	Kwangtee	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
May	24 —	Hongkong	Erivan	Rus. R.V.F.
May	24 —	Japan	Hwahting	Chi. N. Y. K.
May	25 —	Hongkong	Kwongsang	Br. J. M. & Co.
May	26 —	Japan	Eurylochus	Br. B. & S.
May	28 —	Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br. J.M. & Co.
May	28 —	Dairen	Comeric	Br.
May	28 —	Hankow	Meian	Am. Socony.
May	29 —	Chinwangtao	Lt. de la Tour	Fr. M. M. Cie
May	29 —	New York	Naneric	Br. B. & S.
May	29 —	Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi. Customs
May	29 —	Seattle	Likin	Chi. Customs
May	30 —	Japan	Montague	Am. Adl. Line
May	31 —	Manila	Tosa Maru 10	Jap.
June	1 —	Hongkong	Raritan	Am.
June	1 —	Japan	Eurymachus	Br. B. & S.
June	1 —	Tientsin	Waban	Am. Adl. Line
June	1 —	Japan	Koonshing	Br. J. M. & Co.
June	1 —	Hankow, etc.	Kokura Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June	1 —	Hankow, etc.	Klangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June	2 —	Foochow	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
June	2 —	Hongkong	Ningshin	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June	2 —	Los Angeles	Hanpchow	Br. B. & S.
June	2 —	Swatow	Vinita	Am. L.A.P.N. Co.
June	2 —	Japan	Chihli	Br. B. & S.
June	2 —	Chinwangtao	Daitoku Maru	Jap.
June	2 —	Japan	Fusan Maru	Jan. K.M.A.
June	2 —	Hankow, etc.	Aizawa Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
June	2 —	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br. B. & S.
June	2 —		Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.
June	2 —	Japan	Argonauta	Am.
June	2 —	Japan	Tokiwa Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June	2 —	Tientsin, etc.	Yawata Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
June	2 —		Iconuim	Am. Adl Line
June	2 —	Dairen	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
June	2 —	Hongkong	Slavic Prince	Br. S. Tomes & Co.
June	2 —	Canton	Isshin Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
June	3 —	Foochow	Chenan	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —		Shansi	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Tsingtau	Shingping	Chi. M. & Co.
June	3 —	San Francisco	Henrik	Br. A. P. Co.
June	3 —	Japan	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —	Manila	West Conab	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
June	3 —		Mivaura Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Ryusho Maru	Jap.
June	3 —	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June	3 —	Ningpo	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
June	3 —		Tehhsing	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Liverpool	Talee Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
June	3 —	Tientsin	Meinan	Am. Socony
June	3 —	Cruise	Schodack	
			Helenus	Br. B. & S.
			Mingshun	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
			Liuhsing	Chi. Customs

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Woosung for Ngankin: Miss E. Barber; for Kiukiang: Mrs. F. G. Payne and infant, Capt. and Mrs. R. M. J. Martin, Mrs. F. E. Meigs, Mr. Budd; for Hankow: Messrs. B. M. Roberts, E. Clough, Haile, Wai Luk Chue, C. Sale.

Per C.N. s.s. Chekiang for Chefoo: Mrs. Mulbank; for Tientsin: Mr. March.

Per C.N. s.s. Kweilin for Hongkong: Mrs. R. Turnbull and child, Col. L. Spencer.

Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang for Amoy: Mrs. L. Clarlean, Gen. Wong, Mr. Liao; for Hongkong: Messrs. D. C. Logan, Millvard, A. Cohen; for Canton: Mrs. Agassiz.

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru for Tsingtau and Dairen: Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gilson and 3 children, Mrs. E. Othmer, Mr. and Mrs. M. Trutneff, Mr. and Mrs. N. Trutneff, Mrs. R. Van Alberda, Lord Acheson, Brig-Gen. MacNaughton, Messrs. B. Jernakoff, W. N. Ginsbourg, E. R. O. Brian, S. T. Ramsey, J. E. Holden, Ch. Weber, Leavy, Achoyolipp, N. Schnohre, F. F. Cobb.

Per Blue Funnel s.s. Teiresias: for London: Mrs. McGavin and 4 children, Mrs. T. Brigel and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Caro, Mr. and Mrs. W. Martin and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. C. Rogers and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Slowe and 3 children, Mrs. Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bain and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. G. Charleton and 2 children; for Hongkong: Capt. De Wolf, Capt. Hooper, Messrs. J. L. Davis, Neil, W. J. Williams, J. R. Tweedlie, K. A. Williams, Devany, Bringewall, Johansen, Neergaard, Allen.

Per I-C. s.s. Hwahlee for Hankow: Mr. C. S. Moorakephales.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kokura Maru for Japan: Messrs. D. D. Law, J. Merian.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Acme	May	1
West Wind	May	4
Korea Maru	May	6
West Cadron	May	21
Tascalusa	May	21
Venezuela	May	23
Satanta	May	25
China	May	26
Tenyo Maru	May	30
For Tacoma		
Justin	May	18
Javary	May	10
For Seattle		
Suwa Maru	May	6
Toyohashi Maru	May	14
Kashima Maru	May	30
For Portland		
Coaxet	May	18
Wawalone	June	2
For Vancouver		
E. of Russia	May	9
Bessie Dollar	May	17
Empress of Japan ..	May	29
For New York		
C. of Colombo	May	9
Tsuyama Maru	May	11
Persian Prince	May	22
Radnor	May	29
Lima Maru	June	3
For London etc.		
Havana Maru	May	1
Nora	May	8
Tydeus	May	15
Mishima Maru	May	18
Glenade	May	23
Novara	May	23
Sado Maru	May	24
Delta	June	1
Teiresias	June	3
For Liverpool		
Ajax	May	2
Kamakura Maru	May	26
Idomeneus	June	1
For Copenhagen		
Asia	May	9
Peru	May	16
For Marseilles		
Armand Behic	May	9
Peiho	May	30
Cordillere	May	30
For Genoa		
Wakasa Maru	May	3
For Trieste		
Africa	May	28
For Bombay		
Dunera	May	11
For Calcutta		
Takada	May	11
Arratoon Apcar	May	18
Japan	May	26
For Singapore		
Telemachus	May	22
For Australia		
Tuscan Prince	May	6
Kidderpore	May	15

Vessels Due

Chikugo Maru, *Japan* ...	June	9
Chungking, *Hankow*	June	4
E. of Asia, *Hongkong* ..	June	5
Esang, *Hongkong*	June	8
Feiching, *Foochow*	June	4
Fengtien, *Tientsin*	June	9
Hangsang, *Hongkong* ...	June	5
Hsinchi, *Foochow*	June	7
Hsinfung, *Hankow*	June	11
Hsinkong, *Tientsin*	June	6
Hsinming, *Tientsin*	June	8
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	June	4
Hsintah, *Hongkong*	June	6
Hwahta, *Hankow*	June	6
Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	June	5
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	June	5
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	June	4
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	June	7
Kamo Maru, *London*	June	5
Karmala, *London*	June	7
Kianghsin, *Hankow*	June	8
Kingsing, *Tientsin*	June	7
K. Castle, *London*	June	8
Kutwo, *Hankow*	June	9
Kwangtah, *Hongkong* ..	June	4
Lancaster, *Baltimore*	June	5
Luenho, *Hankow*	June	5
Luenyi, *Hankow*	June	6
Monteagle, *Hongkong* ...	June	12
Nanking, *Hongkong*	June	6
Nellore, *Japan*	June	11
Ngankin, *Hankow*	June	10
Omi Maru, *Japan*	June	6
Omi Maru, *Japan*	June	6
Orestes, *Liverpool*	June	6
Pakling, *Liverpool*	June	10
Poyang, *Hankow*	June	5
Suiyang, *Hongkong*	June	5
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	June	6
Suiwo, *Hankow*	June	6
Sunning, *Hongkong*	June	7
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen*	June	12
Tean, *Hongkong*	June	10
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	June	10
Woosung, *Hankow*	June	11
Wosang, *Newchwang*	June	6
Wuchang, *Hankow*	June	7
Yushun, *Tientsin*	June	4

Siccawei Weather Reports

2.—The typhoon approaches lat. 15° and inclines to pass off the E. coast of Luzon; cyclonic winds around the center, the breezes shift to N. or N.E., south of the 30th parallel. Fine day in the Valley; overcast in the North; rain in Fukien and at Formosa.

3.—Overcast and misty weather, but still tolerably fine. Moderate easterly breezes. The pressure has fallen blow the normal level.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Feiching left Foochow for Shanghai on Wednesday morning.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Hangsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Yushun left Chefoo for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Orestes, from Liverpool, left Singapore on May 28 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on Sunday, June 6.

The P. and O. s.s. Karmala, from London, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangtah left Hongkong for Shanghai on Monday night.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinkong left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai yesterday.

The P. and O. s.s. Kildonan Castle from London, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Saturday afternoon and is due here on June 8.

The P. and O. s.s. Nellore is expected to leave Kobe for Shanghai on June 9.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos will sail for Marseilles and ports on Saturday, June 19, and the last passenger tender will leave the French Mail jetty at 9 o'clock the same morning.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Asia left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday and is due at Woosung tomorrow at noon. The tender with inbound passengers is expected to reach the Customs jetty at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The Asia sails for Japan ports and Vancouver on Sunday and the tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave at nine o'clock Sunday morning.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shangha today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The K.M.A. s.s. Haru Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Patriot (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C. M. s.s. Tungwah left Amoy for Hongkong yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsintah left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday night.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming will leave Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Newchwang and Dairen on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Kingsing is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Tientsin, Dairen and Chefoo on Monday.

The I-C. s.s. Esang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow or Tuesday.

The B.I. s.s. Gregory Apcar left Calcutta on May 30 and is due in Shanghai on June 20.

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon which sailed from Shanghai on April 23 arrived at Marseilles on May 30.

The K.M.A. s.s. Satauki Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Shion (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The P.M. s.s. West Conob, one of the four round the world steamers, arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco and ports yesterday morning.

Ford Reorganizes To Build Aircraft

Plans $100,000,000 Concern, Which Will Make Cars And Locomotives Also

Lansing, Mich., April 27.—Formal notice of the proposed reorganization of the Ford Motor Company and other interests of its stockholders was filed today with the Secretary of State. The papers indicated that the automobile and tractor businesses will be consolidated and reincorporated as a $100,000,000 Delaware corporation.

The corporate powers of the new company will permit it to manufacture aircraft, internal combustion locomotives and railroad cars and to continue the automobile, truck and tractor business now conducted separately.

The capital stock, it is understood, will be held by Henry Ford, Edsel B. Ford and Mrs. Henry Ford.

Incorporation is to be under Delaware laws because the Michigan statues do not permit the organization of a company with a capital stock of more than $50,000,000.

Another reason given for the incorporation in Delaware is that the laws of that State permit a wider variety of businesses than a Michigan corporation is allowed to engage in. It has been known for some time that Herry Ford intended to undertake the development of aircraft. He has also been working for many months on a gasoline driven steet car.

The change in the corporate organisation is not to open the stock to public sale, but to consolidate the Ford interests.

The $100,000,000 corporation will be formed by the consolidation of companies now having a total capitalisation of only $3,000,000. The present capital of the Ford Motor Company is $2,000,000 while that of the Henry Ford and Son Corporation, organised originally for the manufacture of tractors, is $1,000,000.

Announcement of the intention to reorganise the Ford interests was first made at the time of the purchase by Edsel B. Ford, some months ago, of the minority stock held by James F. Couzens, former Vice-President of the Ford Motor Company and now Mayor of Detroit. Mr. Couxens was the last of the original group of minority holders to sell his stock to the Ford family.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo: Rev. Boville.

Per I-C. s.s. Loongwo from Hankow: Mrs. J. P. Cox, Miss Olive Tamlin, Mr. and Mrs. O. Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. Cobbs, Mstrs. Jack and Joe Cobbs, Mr. and Mrs. Nestry, Mstrs. A. and Leo. Grosse, Messrs. H. C. Pearce, A. W. Reynall, H. C. Gardner, J. E. B. Sytler, W. Horner, C. R. Cox; from Kiukiang: Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Little and 3 children; from Tungchow: Mr. Hsu.

Per C.N. s.s. Tatung from Hankow: Mr. P. A. G. Gain, 3 Naval Ratings; from Kiukiang: Mr. and Mrs. Gillingham.

Per C.N. s.s. Yingchow from Tsingtau: Messrs. P. Calcina, Chinnery, Capt. J. A. Smith, Misses Ispahain, Loxton.

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers on board the O.S.K. s.s. Africa Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

Sunday, June 6, 1920

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Asia will leave the Customs jetty at 9 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the C.M. s.s. Nanking will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

Friday, June 11, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 9 p.m.

Saturday, June 19, 1920.

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Porthos will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 9 a.m.

L. MOORE & Co.
LIMITED
ESTABLISHED
AUCTIONEERS VALUERS LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

SATURDAY, June 5th.—In Rear Salesrooms 10 a.m. Good Household Furniture, Clothing and Effects.

MONDAY, June 7th.—Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, June 14th.—Superior Household Furniture and Effects at 207 Avenue du Roi Albert.

At an Early date.—Wines and Provisions, etc., in Salesroom.

NEW CODE IS SET BY MRS. STINNES

Defiance Of Convention In Announcing Engagement To Married Man Is Test Case

BY FERNAND VADBEREM

Paris, March 28.—The decision of Mrs. Inez Sprague Stinnes to defy the conventions and announce her engagement to a married man (Marquis Antoni Pacinelli) shows a new spirit of women born of the war.

Women have a right to love the same as men. Since men are scarce, there is no reason why a woman should not accept her soul-mate even if he is already married. Unless the world accepts a new standard on this question, general unhappiness is inevitable.

Mrs. Stinnes's courageous attitude will be a test case which undoubtedly will induce society to reform its code of morals and abolish obsolete conventions. Here are some comments:

By Jeanne Marnac, Prominent French Society Actress-Manager: Marriage evidently is a more dangerous game than ever. No woman ever is sure of her husband. Now she is practically certain to lose him.

Unquestionably women will soon realise that marriage bonds no longer guarantee them a home, and therefore the standards of morality will gradually take on new form and women will strike out toward their own happiness, irrespective of the ceremonial that has become obsolete.

By Mme. Jules Siegfried, French Suffrage Lender: Society is going to the devil. The craze for undressy dresses, silk stockings, bare backs, jewels and million-dollar automobiles is threatening to change the whole world into a modern Babylon.

In the middle ages women showing an inclination to disregard the old established moral standard were caged and exhibited in the public squares.

A similar punishment should be immediately applied to the leaders of the present movement which can only develop into a social revolution.

If men are scarce women should do without them. I cannot imagine why a woman should want a man—as long as she has the vote.

By Maurice Donnay, Member of the French Academy: I regard as foolish any woman who gives herself to a man who is married and who, therefore, has no free will and may betray her. The fact that such a thing can even be proposed is merely another proof that social conditions are topsy-turvy.

SEATS FOR SIX; 700 CANDIDATES

Rome, April 4.—Premier Nitti has on his desk, The World correspondent learns today, requests from no less than 700 candidates for seats in the Italian Senate. The list, as varied as it is long, includes the names of generals, deputies, doctors, scientists, lawyers and many newly rich, known popularly as "sharks" on account of their way of advancing prices of food, clothing and other necessaries. Of these 700 at least 694 are doomed to be disappointed. It is affirmed at the Ministry of the Interior that Premier Nitti does not intend to propose more than six new men for seats in the Senate, which has already been enlarged far beyond its usual size.

Amusements

AT THE
VICTORIA THEATRE
will be exhibited
For Two Nights Only
JUNE 7th and 8th
The Celebrated Film
"THE BETTER 'OLE"

or
THE ROMANCE OF OLD BILL
Admission Prices $1.50 and $1.00
Booking at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
Holders of Special Coupon Tickets Entited To Use Same By Paying the Difference.

Amusements

VICTORIA THEATRE
SHOWING
ON FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
June 4th, 5th and 6th
PAULINE FREDERICK
in
Mrs. Dane's Defence
and
THE MACK SENNETT Two Part Comedy
THE BEDROOM BLUNDER
Matinee Saturday at 4 p.m.
SHOWING
Douglas Fairbanks in
"REACHING FOR THE MOON"
MATINEE SUNDAY
"Mrs. Dane's Defence"
and the First Two Episodes of
"THE RED GLOVE"

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE
No. 3 Woochang Road
NEW PROGRAMME
for
June 4th, 5th and 6th
MARIE WALCAMP
in
"THE RED GLOVE"
13th and 14th Episodes
and
JAPANESE DRAMA

Amusements

AT THE APOLLO 4th & 5th
ATTRACTIVE STAR!!
NORMA TALMADGE
in
HER LATEST SELECT SIX PART DRAMA
"THE SAFETY CURTAIN"
Kipling's India has been brought to the Screen! What a triumph this is! If you know your Kipling you will come to see the Simla hills.
IT IS STRONG LOVE STORY!
IT CONTAINS TREMENDOUS SCENES!
SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT
Miss MARIE STEWART
THE LATEST POPULAR SONGS. EVERYBODY COME AND JOIN THE CHORUS
MATINEE SATURDAY, at 4 p.m.
Will Rogers in "JUBILO" A drama in Six Acts.
MATINEE SUNDAY, at 3 p.m.
Baby Marie Osborne in
"CUPID BY PROXY"
Five Part Comedy Drama.
And the Final Episode of the Serial,
"ELMO THE MIGHTY"
Prices as Usual Booking at Robinson's

APOLLO THEATRE
SUNDAY, JUNE 6th at 9.15 p.m. sharp.
The Literary and Art Society
will Present
The Wonderful and Charming Musical Comedy
"THE MERRY WIDOW"
In 3 Acts.
By Lehar
The following will take part
Miss MILICH
Mrs. BARZEVA
Miss BELIKOVITCH
The Interesting and Original BALLET under the supervision of MISS BELIKOVICH.
A BEVY OF BEAUTIFUL CHORUS GIRLS!!!
ADMISSION $1, $2 and $3.
Booking at ROBINSON'S

At the # ISIS Theatre De Luxe
BY GENERAL DEMAND
for three more nights
Friday, June 4th, 5th and 6th
PATHE PRESENTS
the
Peerless, Fearless Serial Queen
PEARL WHITE
IN
The BLACK SECRET
"THE SERIAL OF A THOUSAND SENSATIONS"
Episode I. "THE GREAT SECRET"
Episode II. "MARKED FOR DEATH"
Pearl White's Latest and Best Serial.
ALSO SHOWING
The World-Famous Comedy Queen
MABEL NORMAND
in
"UPSTAIRS"
A Five Part
"Ragtime Romance with Cupid at the Drums"
TWO GREAT STARS ON THE SAME NIGHT!
DON'T FAIL TO SEE THIS GRAND AND MAGNIFICENT PROGRAMME!
SPECIAL MUSIC
Two performances nightly, commencing 7.15 and 9.10
PRICES: Box Seat 70 cts., Dress Circle 40 cts., Stall 30 cts.

Amusements

ST. GEORGE'S
OPEN AIR CINEMA
217 Bubbling Well Road
TO-NIGHT at 9.15 p.m.
WILLIAM DESMOND
in
"TIME LOCKS and DIAMONDS"
Five Part Drama
This is a gentleman crook story, with many bold and daring situations.
THE FIRST RUN IN ST. GEORGE'S GARDEN

OLYMPIC THEATRE
SPLENDID PROGRAMME
For June 4th and 5th
and Matinee, Saturday at 4 p.m.
Presenting
MARY PICKFORD
IN
REBECCA
OF
SUNNYBROOK FARM
SIX PARTS
AND OTHER NEW FILMS

WHERE TO DINE!
ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
SATURDAY, JUNE 5th, 1920.
SPECIAL DINNER DE LUXE $3.00
DANCING DURING DINNER IN THE DINING-ROOM
DANCING AFTER DINNER IN THE BALL-ROOM
AUGMENTED JAZZ ORCHESTRA
Diners will have tables provided in the Ball-Room
No Extras Entrance Complimentary
PHONES: North 200 and North 908
THE BEST TABLE d'HOTE DINNER IN SHANGHAI.

MENU
Hor's D'Oeuvres Russes
Fresh Prawn Cocktail Thousand Island Dressing
Creme de Tomate
Ripe Olives in Oil, Salted Nuts
Filet of Sole a La Francaise
Supreme of Capon a La Rossini
Tournedocs Henry IV
Sorbet Au Fraises
Roast Young Turkey, Cranberry Jelly
New Potatoes Persillade, Succotash
Iced Asparagus A La Remoulade
Pudding Souffle Princess
Parfait Au Cafe
Friandises
Cheese—Fruits—Nuts
Coffee

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

THE BRIGHT SPOT IN SHANGHAI
The Carlton
We beg to call attention to the SPECIALLY PREPARED
DINER DES GOURMETS
We are serving on SATURDAY, JUNE 5th, 1920.
Our full Concert Jazz Orchestra Augmented by
Mr. FRANK BARRON, Pianist direct from "Solari's" San Francisco
AND
Mr. DAVID BASSETT Jazz Saxophonist
of the Julian Eltinge Show
Thomas Holman, Leader, will be in action during and after DINNER
Diners have free admission to ballroom
May we reserve a table for you? Call CENTRAL 2337
PAUL O. ARNSWALDE, Manager.

MENU
Fresh Shrimps on Heart of Artichoke
Ripe Olives in Oil—Salted Almonds
Queen Olives
Chicken Consomme, Hot or en Jelly
Filet of Sole Maitre D'Hotel
New Potatoes Persillade
Calfs Sweetbreads Eugenie
Coquille of Game Hunter Style
Supreme of Chicken Chaud Froid
Cold Asparagus Tips
Frozen Tomato
Saddle of Spring Lamb, Currant Jelly
New Garden Peas au Beurre
Vanilla Ice Cream with Fresh Strawberry Sauce
Assorted Cakes
Demi Tasse Fresh Fruit in Season

THE TROCADERO GRILL
Good Things to Eat and Drink
Yours for Service
JACK RAYNES